

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:13:39 ON 21 JAN 2003
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 479577-81-6
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 479577-81-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

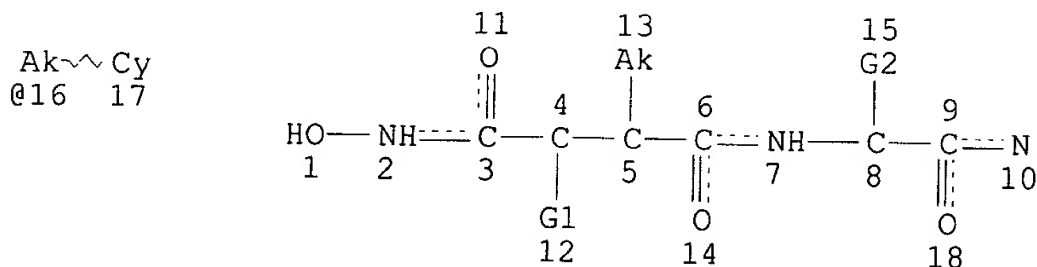
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP
 PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties
 in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> d sta que l17

L14 STR



VAR G1=H/OH/AK

VAR G2=AK/16

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 10

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 18

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L16 2264 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L14

L17 629 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L16 CSS FUL L14

100.0% PROCESSED 2264 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

629 ANSWERS

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:52:25 ON 21 JAN 2003)
 SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:52:46 ON 21 JAN 2003

L1 2 S HYALURONIC ACID/CN OR 9067-32-7

L2 753 S ?HYALURON?/CNS NOT L1

Jan Delaval
 Reference Librarian
 Biotechnology & Chemical Library
 CM1 1E07 - 703-308-4498
jan.delaval@usp.to.gov

L3 435 S L2 NOT SQL/FA
 L4 318 S L2 NOT L3
 E CYCLOOXYGENASE/CN
 L5 1 S E8
 L6 2 S E3,E7
 E MATRIX METALLOPROTEASE/CN
 L7 15 S E3,E5-E13,E15-E17,E23,E24
 L8 5 S E25,E36,E43,E45,E46
 L9 4 S E50,E51,E55,E58
 L10 1 S E61
 L11 5 S E72,E75,E79-E81
 L12 4 S E85,E89-E91
 L13 1365 S (?METALLOPROTEINASE? OR ?METALLOPROTEASE?)/CNS
 L14 STR
 L15 31 S L14 CSS
 L16 2264 S L14 FUL
 SAV TEMP L16 FONDA700/A
 L17 629 S L14 CSS FUL SUB=L16
 SAV L17 FONDA700A/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:16:23 ON 21 JAN 2003

L18 10031 S L1
 L19 3440 S L3
 L20 151 S L4
 L21 14614 S HYALURONIC ACID OR HYALURONATE OR HYALURONAN
 L22 20161 S ?HYALURON?
 L23 20696 S L18-L22
 L24 1922 S L5
 L25 9113 S L6
 L26 13384 S (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO OXYGENASE) (L)2 OR COX2
 L27 13 S PROSTAGLANDIN(L) (ENDOPEROXIDASE OR ENDO PEROXIDASE) (L) (SYNTHA
 L28 41 S L23 AND L24-L27
 L29 26594 S L7-L13
 L30 476 S L23 AND L29
 L31 309 S L17
 L32 4 S L23 AND L31

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:21:16 ON 21 JAN 2003

L33 1635 S L16 NOT L17

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:21:22 ON 21 JAN 2003

L34 3 S L33 AND L23
 L35 45 S L28,L32,L34
 E ANTIRHEUMAT/CT
 E E5+ALL
 L36 4437 S E5,E4+NT
 L37 48 S L23 AND L36
 L38 91 S L35,L37
 L39 77 S L23 AND (ANTIRHEUMAT? OR ANTI RHEUMAT?)
 L40 136 S L38,L39
 L41 6 S L40 AND ?CONJUGAT?
 E TAMURA T/AU
 L42 596 S E3-E5
 E TAMURA TATSUYA/AU
 L43 57 S E3
 E OKAMACHI A/AU
 L44 15 S E3,E4
 E CHUGAI/PA,CS
 L45 3920 S E1-E4
 E SEIYAKU/PA,CS
 L46 15106 S E1-E6
 E KABUSHIKI/PA,CS
 L47 1 S E10E4

L48 E KAISHA/PA,CS
 14062 S E2-E4
 E KABUSHIKI/PA,CS
 L49 8315 S E1-E4
 L50 3 S L40 AND L42-L49
 E WO99-JP2600/AP,PRN
 L51 1 S E3,E4
 E JP98-138329/AP,PRN
 L52 1 S E4
 E JP98-224187/AP,PRN
 L53 1 S E4
 E JP99-43064/AP,PRN
 L54 1 S E4
 L55 0 S L40 AND L51-L54
 L56 1 S L51-L54 AND L42-L49

 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:28:57 ON 21 JAN 2003
 L57 1 S 9001-92-7

 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:29:06 ON 21 JAN 2003
 L58 34671 S L57
 L59 135094 S ?PROTEASE? OR ?PROTEINASE?
 L60 972 S L23 AND L58,L59
 L61 8 S L60 AND L42-L49
 SEL DN AN 1-3
 L62 3 S L61 AND E1-E9
 L63 4 S L50,L56,L62 AND L18-L32,L34-L56,L58-L62
 L64 117 S L23 AND L59 (L) ?MATRIX? (L) ?METALLO?
 L65 246 S L40,L64
 L66 4 S L56,L63
 E JOINT/CT
 E E5+ALL
 L67 1229 S E2
 E JOINT/CT
 L68 3685 S E7-E28
 E E6+ALL
 L69 8769 S E6,E5+NT
 E E13+ALL
 L70 2565 S E2
 L71 25 S L65 AND L67-L70
 E CARTILAGE/CT
 L72 13 S L65 AND E4-E20
 E E3+ALL
 L73 38 S L65 AND E7+NT
 E RHEUMATISM/CT
 E E3+ALL
 E E2+ALL
 L74 48 S L65 AND E4,E5,E3+NT
 L75 77 S L71-L74
 L76 170 S L40,L75
 L77 3545 S (L1 OR L3 OR L4) (L) (THU OR USES OR BUU OR BAC OR DMA OR PAC O
 L78 45 S L76 AND L77
 L79 43 S L78 NOT L66
 L80 79 S L76 AND (1 OR 63)/SC,SX
 L81 76 S L80 NOT L66
 L82 84 S L79,L81
 L83 53 S L82 AND (?CONJUGAT? OR SYNERG? OR BIND? OR BOUND? OR REACT? O
 L84 19 S L83 AND L29
 L85 21 S L83 AND L58,L59
 SEL DN AN 8 18
 L86 2 S E1-E6
 L87 27 S L83 NOT L84,L85,L86,L66
 SEL DN AN 8 15 18

L88 3 S E7-E15
L89 31 S L82 NOT L83-L88
SEL DN AN 11 12
L90 2 S E16-E21
L91 11 S L66,L86,L88,L90
L92 12795 S L18-L20
L93 25 S L92 AND L24,L25
L94 580 S L92 AND L29,L58
L95 3 S L92 AND L31
L96 3 S L92 AND L33
L97 3 S L95,L96
L98 1 S L97 AND L91
L99 11 S L91,L98
L100 35 S L94 AND L36,L67-70
L101 40 S L94 AND L76
L102 59 S L100,L101
L103 31 S L102 NOT L82-L91,L99
SEL DN AN 12
L104 1 S L103 AND E22-E24
L105 12 S L99,L104 AND L18-L32,L34-L56,L58-104
SEL HIT RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:11:11 ON 21 JAN 2003
L106 19 S E25-E43

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:11:28 ON 21 JAN 2003
SEL RN L66

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:12:01 ON 21 JAN 2003
L107 36 S E44-E79
L108 23 S L107 NOT L106
L109 1 S L108 AND C39H59N5O11

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:13:17 ON 21 JAN 2003
L110 1 S L109
L111 12 S L110,L105

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:13:39 ON 21 JAN 2003

=> fil hcaplus
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:13:54 ON 21 JAN 2003
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Jan 2003 VOL 138 ISS 4
FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Jan 2003 (20030120/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 1111 all hitstr tot

L111 ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 AN 2002:504633 HCAPLUS
 DN 137:52423
 TI Drugs against articular failure containing amino sugars and trehalose
 IN Fukuda, Shigeharu; Ario, Takeshi; Miyake, Toshio
 PA **Kabushiki Kaisha** Hayashibara Seibutsu Kagaku Kenkyujo,
 Japan
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K031-7008
 ICS A61K031-727; A61K031-728; A61K031-7016; A61P019-02; A61P029-00;
 A61K031-7008; A61K031-7016; A61K031-726; A61K031-7016; A61K031-727;
 A61K031-7016; A61K031-728; A61K031-7016
 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 18, 62

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002051424	A1	20020704	WO 2001-JP11147	20011219
	WO 2002051424	C1	20020801		
	W: KR, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				
	JP 2002193811	A2	20020710	JP 2000-391390	20001222
PRAI	JP 2000-391390	A	20001222		
AB	It is intended to provide compns. which exert an effect of restoring articular failure at a level superior to aminosugars and glycosaminoglycan. This problem is solved by providing drugs against articular failure which contain as the active ingredients an aminosugar and trehalose. The compns. contg. aminosugar and trehalose are suitable for use in oral pharmaceutical compns., cosmetics, and foods. A powder compn. contg. trehalose (Treha) 4, glucosamine 1 parts was prepd. for use in a pharmaceutical, cosmetic, or food compn.				
ST	aminosugar trehalose articular disorder treatment				
IT	Carbohydrates, biological studies				
	RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amino sugars; compns. contg. amino sugars and trehalose for treatment of articular disorder)				
IT	Antiarthritics				
	Antirheumatic agents				
	Arthritis				
	Bath preparations				
	Chewing gum				
	Cosmetics				
	Food				
	Rheumatic diseases				
	(compns. contg. amino sugars and trehalose for treatment of articular disorder)				
IT	Glycosaminoglycans, biological studies				
	RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (compns. contg. amino sugars, trehalose, and glycosaminoglycans for treatment of articular disorder)				
IT	Joint, anatomical				
	(disease; compns. contg. amino sugars and trehalose for treatment of articular disorder)				
IT	Beverages				
	(health; compns. contg. amino sugars and trehalose for treatment of				

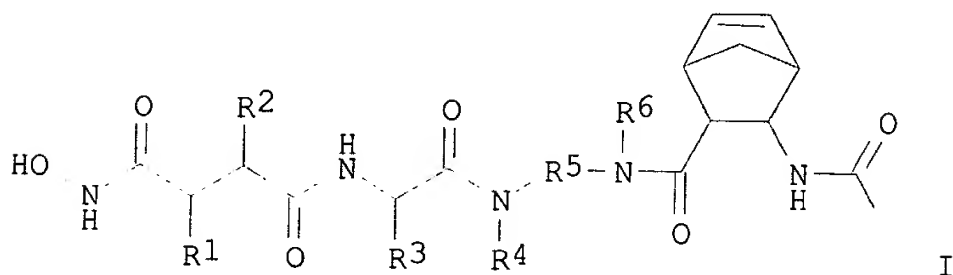
articular disorder)
IT Drug delivery systems
(oral; compns. contg. amino sugars and trehalose for treatment of
articular disorder)
IT 99-20-7, Trehalose 3416-24-8, Glucosamine 7512-17-6, N-Acetyl
glucosamine 14307-02-9, Mannosamine
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological
activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(compns. contg. amino sugars and trehalose for treatment of articular
disorder)
IT 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-49-6,
Heparin, biological studies 9007-27-6, Chondroitin 9007-28-7,
Chondroitin sulfate 9050-30-0, Heparan sulfate 9056-36-4, Keratan
sulfate 24967-93-9, Chondroitin 4-sulfate 24967-94-0, Dermatan sulfate
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological
activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
USES (Uses)
(compns. contg. amino sugars, trehalose, and glycosaminoglycans for
treatment of articular disorder)
RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) K K Hayashibara Seibutsu Kagaku Kenkyujo; JP 2000198736 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(2) Nutramax Lab Inc; EP 0693928 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(3) Nutramax Lab Inc; JP 09503197 A 1994
(4) Nutramax Lab Inc; ES 2099686 T 1994
(5) Nutramax Lab Inc; CA 2159591 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(6) Nutramax Lab Inc; NZ 263710 A 1994
(7) Nutramax Lab Inc; AU 6490194 A 1994
(8) Nutramax Lab Inc; AU 688313 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(9) Nutramax Lab Inc; DE 693928 T 1994
(10) Nutramax Lab Inc; BR 9406178 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(11) Nutramax Lab Inc; WO 9422453 A 1994 HCAPLUS
(12) Nutramax Lab Inc; FI 954654 A 1994
(13) Sunstar Inc; JP 200172582 A 2001
(14) Takeda Chemical Industries Ltd; JP 2001302496 A 2001 HCAPLUS
IT 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); PAC (Pharmacological
activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
USES (Uses)
(compns. contg. amino sugars, trehalose, and glycosaminoglycans for
treatment of articular disorder)
RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS
CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 2 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN 2002:428944 HCAPLUS
DN 137:24315
TI Compound of hydroxamic acid derivative and hyaluronic
acid for treatment of joint disease
IN Ikeya, Hitoshi; Morikawa, Tadashi; Takahashi, Koichi; Okamachi,
Akira; Tamura, Tatsuya
PA Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha,
Japan; Denki Kagaku Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha
SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA Japanese
IC ICM C08B037-08
ICS A61K031-728; A61P019-02; A61P029-00
CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002044218	A1	20020606	WO 2001-JP10493	20011130
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ		BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM	
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 2002018512	A5	20020611	AU 2002-18512	20011130
PRAI	JP 2000-363993	A	20001130		
	WO 2001-JP10493	W	20011130		
OS	MARPAT 137:24315				
GI					

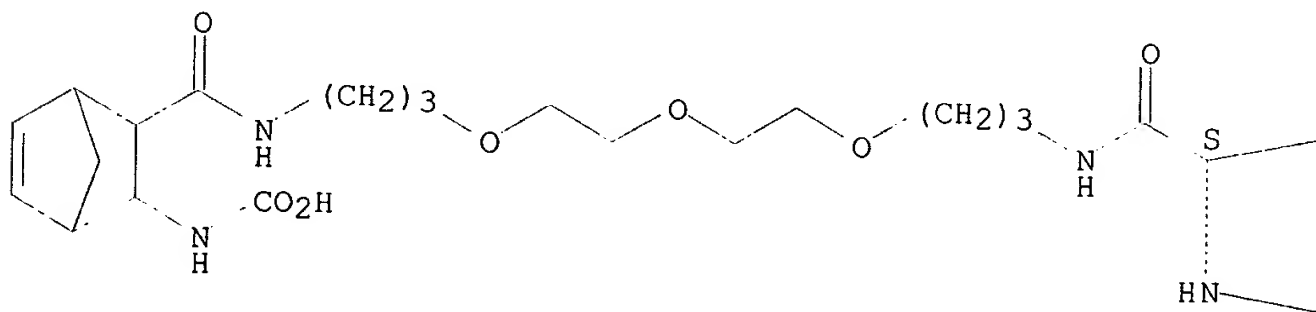


- AB Disclosed is a compd. having MMP inhibitory activity which is a compd. of a hydroxamic acid deriv. I and **hyaluronic acid**, wherein R1 = H, OH, C1-8 alkyl, etc.; R2 = C1-8 alkyl, etc.; R3 = C1-8 alkyl, etc.; R4 = H, C1-4 alkyl; R5 = -R7-R8-R9- (R7 = C1-8 alkylene, R8 = methylene, imino, O, etc., and R9 = C1-10 alkylene, etc.); and R6 = H, C1-4 alkyl, provided that R1 and R3 in combination may form a ring. The compd. comprises a group I and any of **hyaluronic acid**, a deriv. thereof, and salts of these, the former being bonded to a hydroxyl group of the latter through a carbamate linkage. Sodium **hyaluronate** was reacted with N-hydroxy-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxyimide (HONB) and hydroxamic acid deriv. N'-(13-amino-4,7,10-trioxatridecanyl)-N-(3S-hydroxy-4-(N-(1-methoxy-1-methylethoxy)amino)-2R-isobutylsuccinyl)-L-tert-leucinamide. The obtained compd. showed excellent inhibitory effect on gelatinase A and stromelysin-1 in in vitro test.
- ST **hyaluronate** hydroxamate deriv prepn **matrix metalloproteinase** inhibitor
- IT **Joint, anatomical**
(disease; **hyaluronic acid** hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint **disease**)
- IT Antiarthritics
Antirheumatic agents
(**hyaluronic acid** hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- IT Collagens, biological studies
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**hyaluronic acid** hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- IT **434283-17-7DP**, complexes with **hyaluronic acid**
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

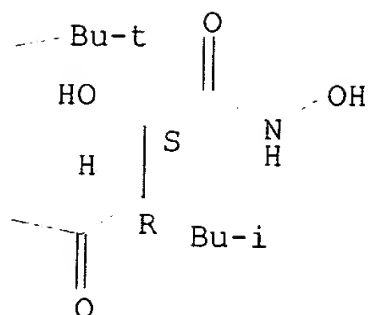
- (hyaluronic acid hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- IT 434283-18-8D, reaction products with hyaluronate derivs.
434283-19-9D, reaction products with hyaluronate derivs.
434283-20-2D, reaction products with hyaluronate derivs.
434283-21-3D, reaction products with hyaluronate derivs.
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hyaluronic acid hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- IT 79955-99-0, Stromelysin-1 141907-41-7, Matrix metalloproteinase 146480-35-5, Gelatinase A
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (inhibition of; hyaluronic acid hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- IT 116-11-0 5470-11-1, Hydroxyammonium chloride 9067-32-7, Sodium hyaluronate 21715-90-2, HONb 62965-35-9, N-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-L-tert-leucine 157518-70-2 220156-99-0
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of hyaluronic acid hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- IT 433708-29-3P 433708-31-7P 433708-33-9P 433708-35-1P 433708-37-3P 433708-39-5P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of hyaluronic acid hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
- (1) Chugai Pharmaceutical Co Ltd; EP 1082963 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(2) Chugai Pharmaceutical Co Ltd; WO 9959603 A 1999 HCAPLUS
(3) Shionogi & Co Ltd; WO 0046189 A 2000 HCAPLUS
- IT 434283-17-7DP, compexes with hyaluronic acid
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(hyaluronic acid hydroxamate derivs. for treatment of joint disease)
- RN 434283-17-7 HCAPLUS
CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-[(1S)-1-hydroxy-2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



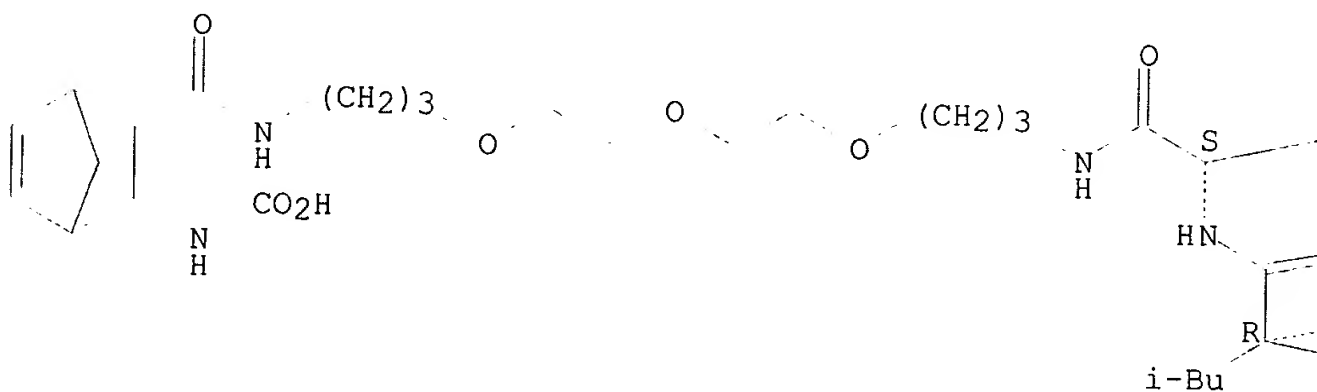
PAGE 1-B



IT 434283-18-8D, reaction products with **hyaluronate** derivs.
 434283-19-9D, reaction products with **hyaluronate** derivs.
 434283-20-2D, reaction products with **hyaluronate** derivs.
 434283-21-3D, reaction products with **hyaluronate** derivs.
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (hyaluronic acid hydroxamate derivs. for treatment
 of joint disease)
 RN 434283-18-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R,22S)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-22-
 [(hydroxyamino)carbonyl]-21-(2-methylpropyl)-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12,23-
 tetraoxa-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

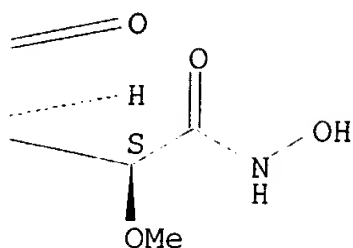
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—Bu-t

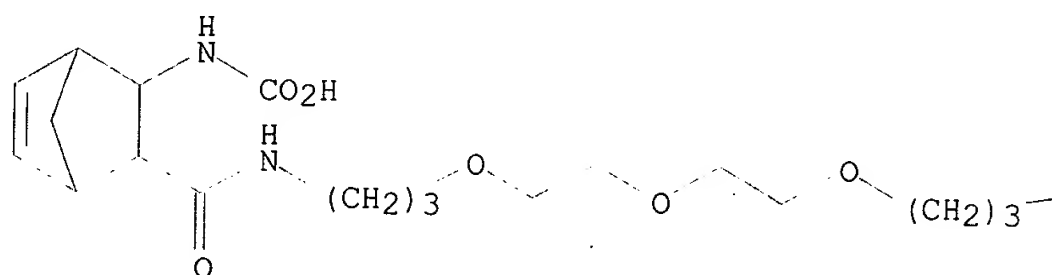


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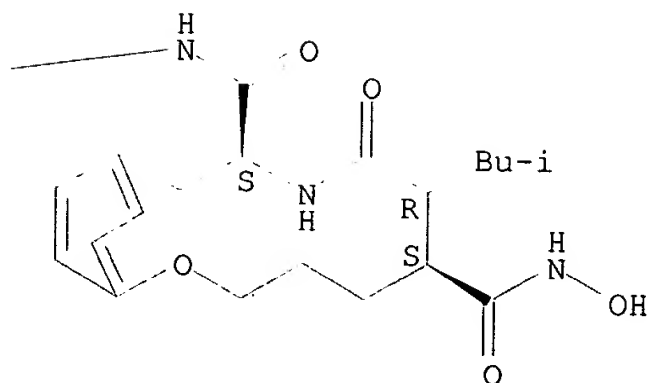
CN Carbamic acid, [3-[17-[(6S,7R,10S)-6-[(hydroxyamino)carbonyl]-7-(2-methylpropyl)-8-oxo-2-oxa-9-azabicyclo[10.2.2]hexadeca-12,14,15-trien-10-yl]-1,17-dioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-2,16-diazaheptadec-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

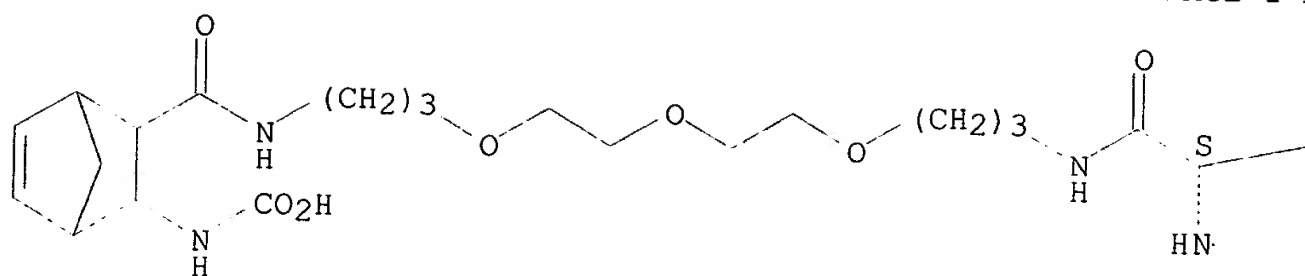


RN 434283-20-2 HCAPLUS

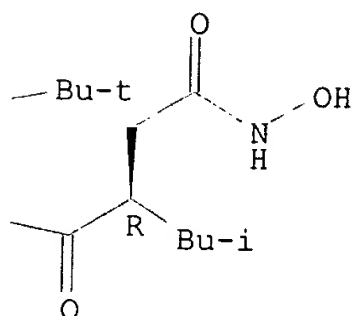
CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-[2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

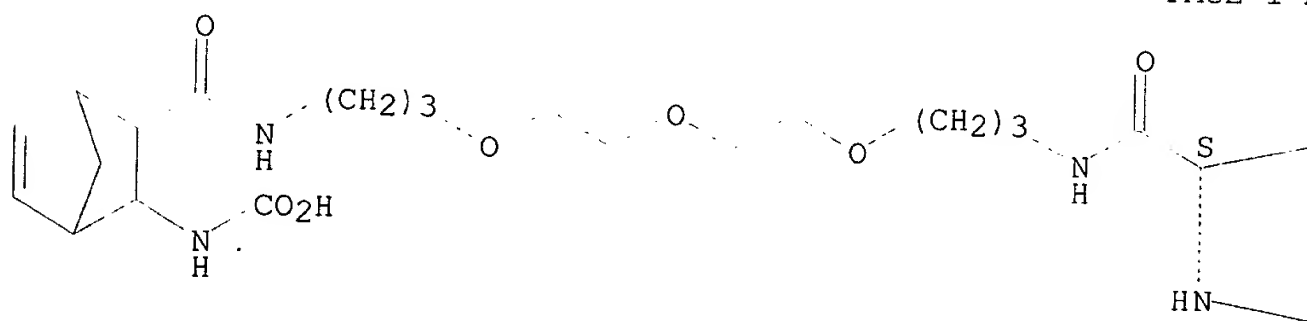


RN 434283-21-3 HCAPLUS

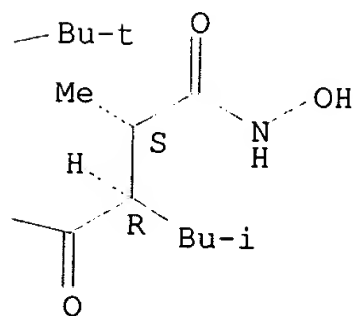
CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-[(1S)-2-(hydroxyamino)-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IT 79955-99-0, Stromelysin-1 141907-41-7, Matrix

metalloproteinase 146480-35-5, Gelatinase A

RL: BSÜ (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(inhibition of; **hyaluronic acid** hydroxamate derivs.
for treatment of joint disease)

RN 79955-99-0 HCAPLUS

CN Stromelysin 1 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 141907-41-7 HCAPLUS

CN Proteinase, matrix metallo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 146480-35-5 HCAPLUS

CN Gelatinase A (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT **9067-32-7, Sodium hyaluronate**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of **hyaluronic acid** hydroxamate derivs. for
treatment of joint disease)

RN 9067-32-7 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT **433708-37-3P**

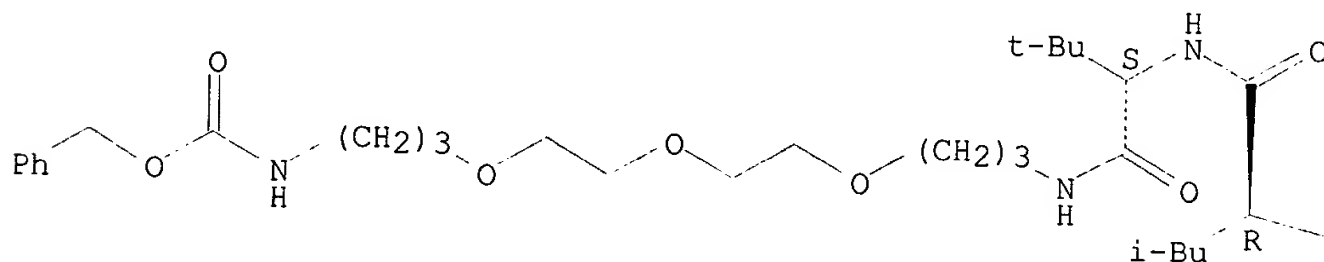
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of **hyaluronic acid** hydroxamate derivs. for
treatment of joint disease)

RN 433708-37-3 HCAPLUS

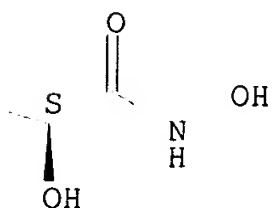
CN 6,9,12-Trioxa-2,16,19-triazatetracosanoic acid, 18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-
[(1S)-1-hydroxy-2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-17,20-dioxo-,
phenylmethyl ester, (18S,21R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



AN 2000:880946 HCAPLUS
 DN 134:25362
 TI Use of catechins for arthritis treatment, **compositions**, and
 screening method
 IN Buttle, David; Adcocks, Clair; Collin, Peter
 PA University of Sheffield, UK
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K031-00
 CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)
 FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000074662	A2	20001214	WO 2000-GB2048	20000606
	WO 2000074662	A3	20020314		
	W:		AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM		
	RW:		GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG		
	EP 1207862	A2	20020529	EP 2000-935346	20000606
	R:		AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL		
	JP 2003501381	T2	20030114	JP 2001-501199	20000606
PRAI	US 1999-137699P	P	19990607		
	GB 2000-7321	A	20000327		
	WO 2000-GB2048	W	20000606		
AB	The invention relates to the use of catechins in the treatment of various forms of arthritis, including the use of combinations of catechins and other anti-arthritic agents in the treatment; medicaments and compns. for use in the treatment; and methods to identify agents with anti-arthritic properties.				
ST	screening arthritis inhibitor catechin				
IT	Blood cell (TNF-.alpha. synthesis in; catechins for arthritis treatment, compns. , and screening method)				
IT	Arthritis (acute pyrophosphate; catechins for arthritis treatment, compns. , and screening method)				
IT	Flavanols RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (and catechin-hyaluronic acid conjugates; catechins for arthritis treatment, compns. , and screening method)				
IT	Spinal column (ankylosing spondylitis; catechins for arthritis treatment, compns. , and screening method)				
IT	Joint, anatomical (bursa, bursitis; catechins for arthritis treatment, compns. , and screening method)				
IT	Musculoskeletal diseases (cartilage, chondrolysis; catechins for arthritis treatment, compns. , and screening method)				
IT	Antiarthritics Antirheumatic agents				

- Cartilage**
- Drug screening
- Gout**
- Lupus erythematosus
- Sjogren's syndrome**
(catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Biopolymers
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Proteoglycans, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Interleukin 1.alpha.
Interleukin 1.beta.
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT **Cartilage**
(**disease**, chondrolysis; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Immune system
(immune-silent **compn.**; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT **Chondrocyte**
(lactate output; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT **Bone, disease**
Cartilage
(**osteocondritis**, and relapsing polychondritis; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Cytokines
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(pro-inflammatory; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT **Arthritis**
(pseudogout; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT **Arthritis**
(**reactive**, and psoriatic and juvenile; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Glycosaminoglycans, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(sulfated; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Collagens, biological studies
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(type II; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT Tumor necrosis factors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(.alpha.; catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening method)
- IT 154-23-4, (+)-Catechin 154-23-4D, (+)-Catechin, **hyaluronic acid conjugates** 490-46-0, (-)-Epicatechin 490-46-0D,

(-)-Epicatechin, **hyaluronic acid conjugates**
 970-74-1, (-)-Epigallocatechin 970-74-1D, (-)-Epigallocatechin,
hyaluronic acid conjugates 989-51-5,
 (-)-Epigallocatechin gallate 989-51-5D, (-)-Epigallocatechin gallate,
hyaluronic acid conjugates 1257-08-5
 1257-08-5D, **hyaluronic acid conjugates**
 3371-27-5, (-)-Galocatechin 3371-27-5D, (-)-Galocatechin,
hyaluronic acid conjugates 3416-24-8,
 Glucosamine 4233-96-9, (-)-Galocatechin gallate 4233-96-9D,
 (-)-Galocatechin gallate, **hyaluronic acid**
conjugates 9004-61-9, **Hyaluronic acid**
 9004-61-9D, **Hyaluronic acid**,
conjugates with catechins 18829-70-4, (-)-Catechin
 18829-70-4D, (-)-Catechin, **hyaluronic acid**
conjugates 29031-19-4, Glucosamine sulfate 35323-91-2,
 (+)-Epicatechin 35323-91-2D, (+)-Epicatechin, **hyaluronic**
acid conjugates 130405-40-2, (-)-Catechin gallate
 130405-40-2D, (-)-Catechin gallate, **hyaluronic acid**
conjugates

RL: **BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse)**; BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL
 (Biological study); **USES (Uses)**

(catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening
 method)

IT 302-79-4, all-trans-Retinoic acid 11103-57-4D, Vitamin A, metabolites
 106956-32-5, Oncostatin M

RL: **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); **USES (Uses)**
 (catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening
 method)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies

RL: **BPR (Biological process)**; BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); **PROC (Process)**

(chondrocyte lactate output; catechins for arthritis treatment,
compns., and screening method)

IT 9004-61-9, **Hyaluronic acid** 9004-61-9D

, **Hyaluronic acid, conjugates** with catechins

RL: **BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse)**; BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL
 (Biological study); **USES (Uses)**

(catechins for arthritis treatment, **compns.**, and screening
 method)

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 4 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2000:645863 HCAPLUS

DN 133:217693

TI Remedies for joint diseases

IN Serizawa, Isao; Maekawa, Keisei; Illes, Janos; Neszmeli, Erzsebet

PA Takata **Seiyaku** Co., Ltd., Japan; Richter Gedeon Vegyeszeti Gyar
 Rt.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K033-30

ICS A61P019-02; A61P029-00; A61P035-04

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2000053194	A1	20000914	WO 2000-JP1487	20000310
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1166788	A1	20020102	EP 2000-908017	20000310
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
PRAI JP 1999-63718	A	19990310		
WO 2000-JP1487	W	20000310		
AB	Remedies for joint diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis contain as the active ingredient a complex (assoc.) of hyaluronic acid with zinc. Compared with hyaluronic acid and zinc (i.e., constituents thereof), this complex synergistically inhibits the proliferation of synovial cells and thus regulates the prodn. of a histoclastic enzyme MMP-9 produced by synovial cells.			
ST	antirheumatic zinc hyaluronate MMP 9 inhibitor			
IT	Eye, disease (diabetic retinopathy; zinc hyaluronate as MMP 9 regulator for treatment of diabetic retinopathy)			
IT	Joint, anatomical (disease; zinc hyaluronate for treatment of joint diseases)			
IT	Drug delivery systems (injections; zinc hyaluronate for treatment of joint diseases)			
IT	Antitumor agents (metastasis; zinc hyaluronate as MMP 9 regulator as antimetastatic agent)			
IT	Antirheumatic agents (zinc hyaluronate for treatment of joint diseases)			
IT	146480-36-6, Matrix metalloproteinase 9 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (inhibition in; zinc hyaluronate for treatment of joint diseases)			
IT	177402-92-5, Zinc hyaluronate RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (zinc hyaluronate for treatment of joint diseases)			

RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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- (2) Arthropharm Pty Limited; CA 1327354 A HCAPLUS
- (3) Arthropharm Pty Limited; AU 1545688 A
- (4) Arthropharm Pty Limited; EP 356435 A1 HCAPLUS
- (5) Arthropharm Pty Limited; DE 3854604 A
- (6) Arthropharm Pty Limited; US 5470840 A HCAPLUS
- (7) Arthropharm Pty Limited; US 5668116 A HCAPLUS
- (8) Arthropharm Pty Limited; WO 8807060 A1 1988 HCAPLUS
- (9) Chemical Works Of Gedeon Richter Ltd; JP 03505231 A
- (10) Chemical Works Of Gedeon Richter Ltd; CN 1045394 A HCAPLUS

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(12) Chemical Works Of Gedeon Richter Ltd; EP 413016 A1 HCAPLUS
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(21) Chemical Works Of Gedeon Richter Ltd; KR 9615624 B
(22) Chemical Works Of Gedeon Richter Ltd; WO 9010020 A1 1990 HCAPLUS
(23) Fidia Advanced Biopolymers S R L; JP 11504668 A
(24) Fidia Advanced Biopolymers S R L; AU 695512 B HCAPLUS
(25) Fidia Advanced Biopolymers S R L; DE 69603721 A
(26) Fidia Advanced Biopolymers S R L; EP 827514 A HCAPLUS
(27) Fidia Advanced Biopolymers S R L; IT 95560090 A
(28) Fidia Advanced Biopolymers S R L; WO 9635720 A1 1996 HCAPLUS

IT 146480-36-6, **Matrix metalloproteinase 9**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(inhibition in; zinc **hyaluronate** for treatment of joint diseases)

RN 146480-36-6 HCAPLUS

CN Gelatinase B (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 177402-92-5, Zinc **hyaluronate**

RL: **BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse)**; BSU (Biological study, unclassified); **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); **USES (Uses)**
(zinc **hyaluronate** for treatment of joint diseases)

RN 177402-92-5 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid, zinc salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 5 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2000:470317 HCAPLUS

DN 133:94604

TI Use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing

IN Ritter, Vladimir; Ritter, Marina

PA Polyheal Ltd., Israel

SO U.S., 45 pp., 5861149Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,861,149.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-74

NCL 424078060

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6086863	A	20000711	US 1998-177954	19981023
	US 5861149	A	19990119	US 1997-868950	19970604
PRAI	US 1997-868950	A2	19970604		

AB Therapeutic **compns.** of microspheres for application to wounds and/or lesions for accelerating wound healing and muscle regeneration are disclosed. The microspheres are made up of non-biodegradable material having a substantial surface charge. The therapeutic **compn.** further includes a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier in which the microspheres are insol. and a container for holding the **compn.** The therapeutic **compn.** further contains pharmacol. agents or

biologics that accelerate the wound healing process. Microspheres were made of polystyrene, either with carboxyl or amino surface groups or without addnl. surface groups were prepd. The diams. of the microspheres ranged from about 0.1 to about 20 .mu.m. The zeta potential of certain microspheres was also tested and demonstrated that the size of the sphere and the type of surface groups clearly had an effect on the amt. of overall charge carried by each microsphere, which could have important effect on the ability of the microsphere to promote wound healing. Effects of microspheres on collagen synthesis and deposition and on wound healing in humans was shown.

- ST wound healing polymer microsphere polystyrene
- IT Platelet-derived growth factors
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (angiogenesis; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Skin preparations (pharmaceutical)
 - (astringents; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Bone, disease
 - (fracture; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Cytokines
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (macrophage-activating factor; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 - (microspheres; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Drug delivery systems
 - (ointments; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Ulcer
 - (stasis; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Bone marrow
 - (stroma; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Wound
 - (surgical; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Analgesics
- Anesthetics
- Antibiotics
- Antihistamines
- Antitumor agents
- Antiviral agents
- Cations
- Fungicides
- Immunostimulants
- Pain
- Solvents
- Wound healing
 - (use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Amino acids, biological studies
- Collagens, biological studies
- Growth factors, animal
- Platelet-derived growth factors
- Polymers, biological studies
- Polysiloxanes, biological studies
- Vitamins
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)
- IT Transforming growth factors
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(Uses)

(.beta.-; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)

IT 39391-18-9

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(cyclooxygenase-2, inhibitors; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)

IT 7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies 7439-96-5, Manganese, biological studies

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ions; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)

IT 62229-50-9, Epidermal growth factor

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(platelet-derived; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)

IT 51-43-4, Epinephrine. 57-27-2, Morphine, biological studies 59-46-1, Procaine 60-54-8, Tetracycline 74-79-3, L-Arginine, biological studies 79-57-2, Oxytetracycline 102-60-3, Quadrol 137-58-6, Lidocaine 437-38-7, Fentanyl 561-27-3, Heroin 1403-66-3, Gentamycin 1405-10-3, Neomycin sulfate 1405-20-5, Polymyxin B sulfate 1405-87-4, Bacitracin 9001-92-7, Proteolytic enzyme. 9002-72-6, GH 9003-21-8, Polymethylacrylate 9003-53-6, Polystyrene 9003-53-6D, Polystyrene, derivs. 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid

10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies 15158-11-9, biological studies 22537-22-0, Magnesium ion, biological studies 22541-53-3, biological studies 23713-49-7, Zinc ion, biological studies

25104-18-1, Polylysine 25619-82-3, Poly-N-ethyl-4-vinyl-pyridinium bromide 38000-06-5, Polylysine 53678-77-6, Muramyl dipeptide 61912-98-9, IGF. 161467-66-9, PF-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)

IT 62031-54-3, Fibroblast growth factor

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(.alpha. and .beta.; use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

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- (5) Deckman; US 4380855 1983
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- (7) Gentry; Mol cell Biol 1987, V7, P3418 HCAPLUS
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- (9) Hanahan; Nature 1985, V315, P115 HCAPLUS
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- (14) Meisner; US 4772591 1988 HCAPLUS
- (15) Mescher; J Immunol 1992, V149, P2402 HCAPLUS
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- (17) Ornitz; Cold Spring Harbor Symp 1986, V50, P399
- (18) Osborn; J Orthop Res 1989, V7, P35 HCAPLUS
- (19) Rosen; J cell Physiol 1988, V134, P337 HCAPLUS
- (20) Selden; Science 1987, V236, P714 HCAPLUS
- (21) Shani; Nature 1985, V314, P283 HCAPLUS

- (22) Shlomo, M; Reactive Polymers 1983, V1, P241
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 (25) Tardy; US 4931546 1990 HCAPLUS
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IT 39391-18-9

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (cyclooxygenase-2, inhibitors; use of polymers as
 microspheres for wound healing)

RN 39391-18-9 HCAPLUS

CN Synthetase, prostaglandin endoperoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 9001-92-7, Proteolytic enzyme. 9004-61-9,
Hyaluronic acid

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (use of polymers as microspheres for wound healing)

RN 9001-92-7 HCAPLUS

CN Proteinase (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI,.9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 2000:34995 HCAPLUS

DN 132:102856

TI Hyaluronic acid mimics for treatment of inflammation
and other hyaluronate-associated diseasesIN Prestwich, Glenn D.; Ziebell, Michael; Luo, Bai; Zhao, Zhan-Gong
PA USASO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C12Q

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000001841	A2	20000113	WO 1999-US15263	19990706
	WO 2000001841	A3	20011108		
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	CA 2346742	AA	20000113	CA 1999-2346742	19990706
	AU 9949716	A1	20000124	AU 1999-49716	19990706
	EP 1169048	A2	20020109	EP 1999-933718	19990706
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
PRAI	US 1998-91758P	P	19980706		
	US 1999-347707	A	19990703		

- WO 1999-US15263 W 19990706
- AB HA mimics and methods related thereto are disclosed. In particular, mimics with structures detd. by virtue of novel methods, and the novel methods are disclosed. The HA mimics are useful for a variety of HA-related uses, including treatment of inflammatory diseases, tumor angiogenesis, skin disease, bone disease, and cardiovascular diseases.
- ST **hyaluronate** mimic sequence antiinflammatory antitumor angiogenesis
- IT Glycoproteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (H-CAM (homing cell adhesion mol.); **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT Receptors
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (RHAMM (receptor for **hyaluronic acid**-mediated motility); **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT Glycoproteins, specific or class
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (TSG-6; **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT Neoplasm
 (angiogenesis in; **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT Antibodies
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (antireceptor; **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT Cardiovascular system
 (disease; **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT Immunity
 (disorder; **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT Anti-inflammatory agents
 Antiarthritics
 Antibiotics
Antirheumatic agents
 Bone, disease
 Immobilization, biochemical
 Infection
 Inflammation
Osteoarthritis
 Peptide library
 Phage display library
 Protein sequences
Rheumatoid arthritis
 Skin, disease
 Wound healing
 Wound healing promoters
 (**hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)
- IT CD44 (antigen)
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (**hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)

IT Antitumor agents
(metastasis; **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment
of inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)

IT Angiogenesis
(tumor; **hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of
inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)

IT 9004-61-9D, **Hyaluronic acid**, analogs
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study,
unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of
inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)

IT 180731-61-7P 254965-30-5P 254965-31-6P 254965-32-7P 254965-33-8P
254965-34-9P 254965-35-0P 254965-36-1P 254965-37-2P 254965-38-3P
254965-39-4P 254965-40-7P 254965-41-8P 254965-42-9P 254965-43-0P
254965-44-1P 254965-45-2P 254965-46-3P 254965-47-4P 254965-48-5P
254965-49-6P 254965-50-9P 254965-51-0P 254965-52-1P 254965-53-2P
254965-54-3P 254965-55-4P 254965-56-5P 254965-57-6P 254965-58-7P
254965-59-8P 255057-60-4P 255057-68-2P 255057-71-7P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological
process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PNU (Preparation,
unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(**hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of
inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)

IT 9004-61-9D, **Hyaluronic acid**, analogs
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BSU (Biological study,
unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**hyaluronic acid** mimics for treatment of
inflammation and other **hyaluronate**-assocd. diseases)

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 7 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1999:783929 HCAPLUS

DN 132:18780

TI Compositions comprising antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing
inflammatory diseases

IN Hunter, William L.

PA Angiotech Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 340 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-335

ICS A61K031-425; A61K031-365; A61K031-045; A61K031-505; A61K033-16;
A61K031-40; A61K031-22

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)
Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9962510	A2	19991209	WO 1999-CA464	19990601
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

US 6495579 B1 20021217 US 1998-88546 19980601
PRAI US 1998-88546 A 19980601
US 1996-32215P P 19961202
US 1997-63087P P 19971024
US 1997-980549 A2 19971201

AB Methods and compns. for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases, e.g. psoriasis or multiple sclerosis, are provided, comprising the step of delivering to the site of inflammation an antimicrotubule agent, or analog or deriv. thereof.

ST antimicrotubule agent inflammation treatment; microtubule antimicrotubule agent inflammation treatment

IT Transcription factors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(AP-1 (activator protein 1); antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT mRNA
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(MMP-1 and MMP-3; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Transcription factors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(NF-.kappa.B (nuclear factor .kappa.B); antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Toxins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(Shiga-like toxin; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Cell proliferation
(T cell; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Neutrophil
(activation; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Connective tissue
Surgery
(adhesions; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Medical goods
(antimicrotubule agent-coated; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Adhesion, biological
Angiogenesis inhibitors
Anti-inflammatory agents
Antiarthritics
Antitumor agents
Astrocyte
Cytotoxic agents
Drug delivery systems
Micelles
Microtubule
Neutrophil
Permeation enhancers
Psoriasis
Transplant rejection
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Diterpenes
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

- (antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Aggrekans
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Albumins, biological studies
Fibronectins
Gelatins, biological studies
Polymers, biological studies
Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
Polyurethanes, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Polymers, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(block, diblock; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Polymers, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(block, triblock; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Medical goods
(catheters, indwelling, antimicrotubule agent-coated; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Neutrophil
(degranulation; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Periodontium
(disease; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Blood vessel
(endothelium; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(films; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(gels; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Prosthetic materials and Prosthetics
(implants, vascular, antimicrotubule agent-coated; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Lung, disease
(inflammation; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Intestine, disease
(inflammatory; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Skin
(keratinocyte; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(microcapsules, nylon microcapsules; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(microparticles; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(nasal; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Prostate gland
Prostate gland
(neoplasm, inhibitors; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Cell activation
Cell degranulation
(neutrophil; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Polyamides, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(nylon microcapsules; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(ointments; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(oral; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(pastes; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Kidney, disease
(polycystic; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Glycols, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(polymers; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Nose
(polyp; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Proliferation inhibition
(proliferation inhibitors; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT T cell (lymphocyte)
(proliferation; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Antitumor agents
(prostate gland; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Artery, disease
(restenosis; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Cartilage
Shark
(shark cartilage powder; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(sprays, nanospray; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Artery, disease
(stenosis; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Medical goods
(stents, antimicrotubule agent-coated; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Protamines
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(sulfates, tetrahydro; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT **Synovial membrane**
(synoviocyte; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing

inflammatory diseases)

IT Lupus erythematosus
(systemic; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Multiple sclerosis
(therapeutic agents; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT Drug delivery systems
(topical; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT 50-04-4 52-21-1 57-22-7 59-05-2 64-86-8 145-63-1 446-72-0
865-21-4, Vincalukoblastine 7689-03-4 9050-30-0D, fragments
10540-29-1 27774-13-6 37353-31-4, Vanadate 38213-69-3 52205-73-9
63177-57-1 66107-60-6 77699-47-9, Herbimycin **86102-31-0**
100827-28-9 144676-04-0 174882-69-0, Pycnogenol
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT 69-33-0 69-33-0D, derivs. 107-41-5 107-41-5D, derivs. 459-73-4
459-73-4D, derivs. 7784-18-1, Aluminum fluoride (AlF₃) 7784-18-1D,
Aluminum fluoride (AlF₃), derivs. 7789-20-0, Water-d₂ 7789-20-0D,
Water-d₂, derivs. 33069-62-4 33069-62-4D, derivs. 85419-94-9
85419-94-9D, derivs. 127943-53-7 127943-53-7D, derivs. 149550-36-7
149550-36-7D, derivs. 152044-53-6 152044-53-6D, derivs. 152044-54-7
152044-54-7D, derivs.
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT **9001-12-1**, Collagenase 11062-77-4, Superoxide **79955-99-0**
, Stromelysin 1
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT 1338-43-8 7585-39-9D, .beta.-Cyclodextrin, Hydroxypropyl derivs.
9002-89-5 9003-01-4 9004-54-0, Dextran, biological studies 9004-57-3
9004-61-9D, Hyaluronic acid, crosslinked
9004-64-2 9004-67-5 9011-14-7 9012-76-4, Chitosan 9012-76-4D,
Chitosan, crosslinked 17465-86-0, .gamma.-Cyclodextrin 17465-86-0D,
.gamma.-Cyclodextrin, Hydroxypropyl derivs. 24937-78-8 24980-41-4
25104-18-1 25248-42-4, Poly[oxy(1-oxo-1,6-hexanediyl)] 25322-68-3
34346-01-5 38000-06-5 80137-67-3 106392-12-5 119388-27-1
188360-48-7 250580-74-6 251911-63-4 251911-67-8 263237-87-2
RL: **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); **USES (Uses)**
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT 57-55-6, 1,2-Propanediol, biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol,
biological studies 110-27-0 111-90-0 112-80-1, 9-Octadecenoic acid
(9Z)-, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(permeation enhancer; antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

IT **86102-31-0**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory diseases)

RN 86102-31-0 HCAPLUS
CN Proteinase inhibitor, TIMP (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 9001-12-1, Collagenase 79955-99-0, Stromelysin 1
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory
 diseases)

RN 9001-12-1 HCAPLUS

CN Collagenase (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 79955-99-0 HCAPLUS

CN Stromelysin 1 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 9004-61-9D, Hyaluronic acid, crosslinked

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(antimicrotubule agents for treating or preventing inflammatory
 diseases)

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1999:753089 HCAPLUS

DN 131:356137

TI Pharmaceuticals complexed with hyaluronic acid for
 diseases of the joints

IN Tamura, Tatsuya; Okamachi, Akira

PA Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha,
 Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM A61K031-725

ICS C08B037-08; A61K045-00; A61K031-725; A61K031-40

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI	WO 9959603	A1	19991125	WO 1999-JP2600	19990519	<--
	W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2332802	AA	19991125	CA 1999-2332802	19990519	<--
	AU 9938490	A1	19991206	AU 1999-38490	19990519	<--
	AU 752280	B2	20020912			
	EP 1082963	A1	20010314	EP 1999-921167	19990519	<--
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRAI	JP 1998-138329	A	19980520			<--
	JP 1998-224187	A	19980807			<--
	JP 1999-43064	A	19990222			<--
	WO 1999-JP2600	W	19990519			<--

app

AB Complexes of a pharmaceutical with **hyaluronic acid** or deriv. thereof, are prepd. for inserting the pharmaceutical to the glenoid cavities. For example, one or more pharmaceutical such as matrix **proteinase** inhibitor is bound to **hyaluronic acid** or its deriv. The medications are useful in treating chronic joint rheumatism.

ST joint disease pharmaceutical **hyaluronate** complex

IT **Joint, anatomical**
(disease; pharmaceutical-**hyaluronate** complexes for treatment of)

IT Drugs
Rheumatic diseases
(**hyaluronate**-pharmaceutical complexes for treatment of diseases in bone joints)

IT **9001-92-7D, Proteinase**, inhibitor, complex with **hyaluronate**
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(for treatment of diseases in bone joints)

IT **9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9004-61-9D**, **Hyaluronic acid**, derivs.
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**hyaluronate**-pharmaceutical complexes for treatment of diseases in bone joints)

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) Anon; EP 216453 A HCAPLUS
(2) Anon; US 4851521 A HCAPLUS
(3) Anon; US 4965353 A HCAPLUS
(4) Anon; US 5202431 A HCAPLUS
(5) Anon; US 5336767 A HCAPLUS
(6) Anon; US 5773438 A HCAPLUS
(7) Anon; US 5892112 A HCAPLUS
(8) Anon; EP 690841 A HCAPLUS
(9) Anon; WO 95/199965 A1
(10) Fidria, S; JP 62-64802 A 1987 HCAPLUS
(11) Glycomed Inc; JP 09-501183 A 1997
(12) Vasilionkaitis, V; Sint Izuch Fiziol Akt Veshchestv Tezisy Dokl Mezhvuz Nauchn Konf Uchastiem Farmakol Latv Est SSR 1975, P20 HCAPLUS

IT **9001-92-7D, Proteinase**, inhibitor, complex with **hyaluronate**
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(for treatment of diseases in bone joints)

RN 9001-92-7 HCAPLUS

CN Proteinase (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT **9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9004-61-9D**, **Hyaluronic acid**, derivs.
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(**hyaluronate**-pharmaceutical complexes for treatment of diseases in bone joints)

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

AN 1999:648783 HCAPLUS
 DN 131:252570
 TI Local drug preparations containing **hyaluronate** salt and soluble
 antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism
 IN Baba, Takaaki
 PA Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 IC ICM A61K031-725
 ICS A61K031-725; A61K009-08; A61K031-56; A61K045-00
 CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 11279065	A2	19991012	JP 1998-96901	19980325
PRAI	JP 1998-96901		19980325		

AB Local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronic acid** and its
 salts and sol. steroidal and nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents are
 claimed for treatment of chronic rheumatism. Examples of topical
 injections sterilized by filtration were given.
 ST topical **hyaluronate** antiinflammatory rheumatism
 IT Drug delivery systems
 (injections; local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronate** salt and
 sol. antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism)
 IT Anti-inflammatory agents
Antirheumatic agents
 Drug interactions
 (local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronate** salt and sol.
 antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism)
 IT Steroids, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronate** salt and sol.
 antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism)
 IT Anti-inflammatory agents
 (nonsteroidal; local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronate** salt and
 sol. antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism)
 IT Drug delivery systems
 (topical; local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronate** salt and sol.
 antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism)
 IT 54-21-7, Sodium salicylate 2392-39-4, Dexamethasone sodium phosphate
 9004-61-9, **Hyaluronic acid** 9067-32-7
 , Sodium **hyaluronate**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronate** salt and sol.
 antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism)
 IT 9004-61-9, **Hyaluronic acid** 9067-32-7
 , Sodium **hyaluronate**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (local drug prepns. contg. **hyaluronate** salt and sol.
 antiinflammatory agents for treatment of chronic rheumatism)
 RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 9067-32-7 HCAPLUS
CN Hyaluronic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN 1997:47282 HCAPLUS
DN 126:84211
TI Anti-tumor activity of the dual **cyclooxygenase-1/2**
inhibitor diclofenac in **combination** with **hyaluronan**
AU Seed, M. P.; Freemantle, C. N.; Papworth, J.; Brown, J. R.; Willoughby, D.
A.
CS Medical College, Saint Bartholomew's Hospital, London, EC1M 6BQ, UK
SO Round Table Series - Royal Society of Medicine Press (1996), 45(Fourth
International Workshop on Hyaluronan in Drug Delivery, 1996), 59-67
CODEN: RTMPFO
PB Royal Society of Medicine Press
DT Journal
LA English
CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)
AB Diclofenac dose-dependently inhibited the growth of colon-26 murine
adenocarcinoma cell proliferation and the action of diclofenac was not
affected by **hyaluronan** at 1 .mu.g/mL. The role of inhibition of
cyclooxygenase-1/2 by diclofenac in its antitumor action
is discussed.
ST diclofenac **hyaluronan** colon carcinoma inhibitor; cyclooxygenase
diclofenac antitumor colon carcinoma
IT Antitumor agents
(antitumor activity of the dual **cyclooxygenase-1/2**
inhibitor diclofenac in **combination** with **hyaluronan**
)
IT Antitumor agents
(colon carcinoma; antitumor activity of the dual **cyclooxygenase**
-1/2 inhibitor diclofenac in **combination** with
hyaluronan)
IT Intestine, neoplasm
(colon, carcinoma, inhibitors; antitumor activity of the dual
cyclooxygenase-1/2 inhibitor diclofenac in
combination with **hyaluronan**)
IT 9004-61-9, Hyaluronan 15307-86-5, Diclofenac
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
(Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(antitumor activity of the dual **cyclooxygenase-1/2**
inhibitor diclofenac in **combination** with **hyaluronan**
)
IT 39391-18-9, Cyclooxygenase
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
(Biological study); PROC (Process)
(antitumor activity of the dual **cyclooxygenase-1/2**
inhibitor diclofenac in **combination** with **hyaluronan**
)
IT 9004-61-9, Hyaluronan
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU
(Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(antitumor activity of the dual **cyclooxygenase-1/2**
inhibitor diclofenac in **combination** with **hyaluronan**
)
RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS
CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

*not a
conjugate*

IT **39391-18-9, Cyclooxygenase**
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (antitumor activity of the dual **cyclooxygenase-1/2**
 inhibitor diclofenac in **combination** with **hyaluronan**
)
 RN 39391-18-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Synthetase, prostaglandin endoperoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 11 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN **1995:364299** HCAPLUS

DN **122:115054**

TI Purified natural and synthetic compounds for the treatment of
 osteoarthritis

IN Lansbury, Peter T., Jr.; Hauschka, Peter V.

PA Neogenix, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-165

ICS A61K031-075; A61K031-235; A61K031-215; A61K031-655; A61K031-715;
 A61K031-725; A61K031-73; A61K031-735; C07H003-06; C07H007-033;
 C07H013-02; C08B037-10; C07C015-20; C07C015-24; C07C015-27;
 C07C211-43; C07C211-54; C07C225-02; C07C233-01

CC **63-7** (Pharmaceuticals)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9428889	A1	19941222	WO 1994-US6490	19940608
	W: AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, GE, HU, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LK, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SI, SK, TJ, UA, UZ				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9472058	A1	19950103	AU 1994-72058	19940608
PRAI	US 1993-73189		19930608		
	WO 1994-US6490		19940608		
AB	The present invention relates to individual, well-defined compds. and the uses of these compds., alone or in conjunction with bioactive mols. such as growth factors or metalloproteinase inhibitors, for the repair of cartilage damage as, for example, is found in osteoarthritis. Such well-defined compds. may include purified components of the extracellular matrix , derivs. of extracellular matrix components, and glycosaminoglycan mimics. The glycosaminoglycan mimics include chondroitin-4-sulfate, chondroitin-6-sulfate, hyaluronic acid , heparin, heparan sulfate, keratan sulfate, dermatan sulfate, poly-N-acetylglucosamine, and poly-N-glucosamine.				
ST	extracellular matrix glycosaminoglycan osteoarthritis				
IT	Animal growth regulators				
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (connective tissue-activating; glycosaminoglycan and bioactive mol. combinations for treatment of osteoarthritis)				
IT	Cartilage				
	Extracellular matrix (extracellular matrix components for treatment of osteoarthritis)				
IT	Glycosaminoglycans, biological studies				
	Proteoglycans, biological studies				
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (extracellular matrix components for treatment of osteoarthritis)				
IT	Chondrocyte				
	(screening of glycosaminoglycans for their ability to repair damaged				

possible

cartilage)
IT Inflammation inhibitors
(antiarthritics, extracellular matrix components for treatment of osteoarthritis)
IT Animal growth regulators
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(blood platelet-derived growth factors, glycosaminoglycan and bioactive mol. **combinations** for treatment of osteoarthritis)
IT 145-63-1, Suramin 573-58-0, Congo red **9004-61-9**,
Hyaluronic acid 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies
9050-30-0, Heparan sulfate 9056-36-4, Keratan sulfate 24967-93-9,
Chondroitin-4-sulfate 24967-94-0, Dermatan sulfate 25322-46-7,
Chondroitin-6-sulfate 27555-50-6 35110-26-0, Polyglucosamine
RL: **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); **USES**
(Uses)
(extracellular matrix components for treatment of osteoarthritis)
IT 61912-98-9, Insulin-like growth factor 62031-54-3, Cartilage-derived
growth factor 105844-41-5, Plasminogen activator inhibitor
124861-55-8, TIMP2 **140208-24-8**, TIMP1
145266-99-5, **Metalloproteinase** inhibitor
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(glycosaminoglycan and bioactive mol. **combinations** for
treatment of osteoarthritis)
IT 7782-77-6, Nitrous acid 9001-06-3, Chitinase 9024-13-9, Chondroitinase
ABC 9025-39-2, Heparinase 9047-57-8, Chondroitinase AC
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
(purifn. of extracellular matrix for use in repair of damaged
cartilage)
IT **9004-61-9**, **Hyaluronic acid**
RL: **THU (Therapeutic use)**; BIOL (Biological study); **USES**
(Uses)
(extracellular matrix components for treatment of osteoarthritis)
RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS
CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
IT **124861-55-8**, TIMP2 **140208-24-8**, TIMP1
145266-99-5, **Metalloproteinase** inhibitor
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(glycosaminoglycan and bioactive mol. **combinations** for
treatment of osteoarthritis)
RN 124861-55-8 HCAPLUS
CN Proteinase inhibitor, TIMP 2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 140208-24-8 HCAPLUS
CN Proteinase inhibitor, TIMP 1 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 145266-99-5 HCAPLUS
CN Proteinase inhibitor, metallo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L111 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN **1994:236174** HCAPLUS
DN **120:236174**
TI Use of lipid-bound glycosaminoglycans for the treatment of
rheumatoid arthritis
IN Aoki, Shigehisa; Iwasaki, Shinichi; Sugiura, Nobuo; Suzuki, Sakaru;
Kimata, Koji
PA Seikagaku Corp., Japan
SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K031-735
 CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 581282	A1	19940202	EP 1993-112169	19930729
	EP 581282	B1	19990512		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	JP 06072893	A2	19940315	JP 1992-203558	19920730
	CA 2101482	AA	19940131	CA 1993-2101482	19930728
	AU 9344314	A1	19940203	AU 1993-44314	19930729
	AU 668963	B2	19960523		
	US 5470578	A	19951128	US 1993-98936	19930729
	AT 179892	E	19990515	AT 1993-112169	19930729
PRAI	JP 1992-203558		19920730		

AB A lipid-bound glycosaminoglycan is prepd. as an **antirheumatic** agent to prevent the extension of pannus. For example, **hyaluronic acid** was partially oxidized, lactonized, and reacted with dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine (PE) to give a PE-bound **hyaluronic acid**. Inhibitory effect of the PE-bound **hyaluronic acid** on extension of pannus in **simultaneous** organ culture of rabbit articular cartilage tissue and synovial membrane tissue was demonstrated.

ST lipid bound glycosaminoglycan rheumatoid arthritis treatment; **antirheumatic hyaluronate** phosphatidylethanolamine conjugate

IT Phosphatidylserines
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (C16-18, **conjugates** with chondroitin sulfate, as **antirheumatic** agents)

IT Inflammation inhibitors
 (antiarthritics, lipid-bound glycosaminoglycans for)

IT Inflammation inhibitors
 (antirheumatics, lipid-bound glycosaminoglycans as)

IT Synovial membrane
 (disease, pannus, extension of, in arthritis, prevention of, lipid-bound glycosaminoglycans for)

IT Lipids, compounds
 Phospholipids, compounds
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (glycero-, **reaction** products, with glycosaminoglycans, **antirheumatic** activity of)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms
 (injections, intraarticular, lipid-bound glycosaminoglycans in, for treatment of rheumatoid arthritis)

IT Lipids, compounds
 Phosphatidylethanolamines
 Phosphatidylserines
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (**reaction** products, ****antirheumatic**** activity of Phosphatidylethanolaminesnog)

IT Glycosaminoglycans, compounds
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (**reaction** products, with lipids, **antirheumatic** activity of)

IT 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-49-6,
 Heparin, reactions 9007-27-6, Chondroitin 9007-28-7,

Chondroitin sulfate 9050-30-0, Heparan sulfate 24967-94-0, Dermatan sulfate
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(partial oxidn. and lactonization of, in prepn. of
antirheumatic lipid conjugates)

IT 154275-57-7P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. and **reaction** of, with aminated chondroitin sulfate)

IT 28474-99-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. and **reaction** of, with imides)

IT 3026-45-7DP, Dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine, **reaction**
products with **hyaluronate 9004-61-9DP**,
Hyaluronic acid, lactones, **reaction** products
with dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine 9007-28-7DP, Chondroitin
sulfate, lactones, **reaction** products with
stearoylpalmitoylphosphatidylserine 154275-57-7DP, **reaction**
products with aminated chondroitin sulfate
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of, as **antirheumatic** agent)

IT 108-30-5, Succinic anhydride, **reactions**
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(**reaction** of, with glyceryl monostearate)

IT 31566-31-1, Glyceryl monostearate
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(**reaction** of, with succinic anhydride)

IT **9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid**
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(partial oxidn. and lactonization of, in prepn. of
antirheumatic lipid conjugates)

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS
CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT **9004-61-9DP, Hyaluronic acid**, lactones,
reaction products with dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of, as **antirheumatic** agent)

RN 9004-61-9 HCAPLUS
CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:14:09 ON 21 JAN 2003
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 20 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 479577-81-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 20 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 479577-81-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> d ide can tot

L112 ANSWER 1 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 434283-21-3 REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-[(1S)-2-(hydroxyamino)-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12-trioxo-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

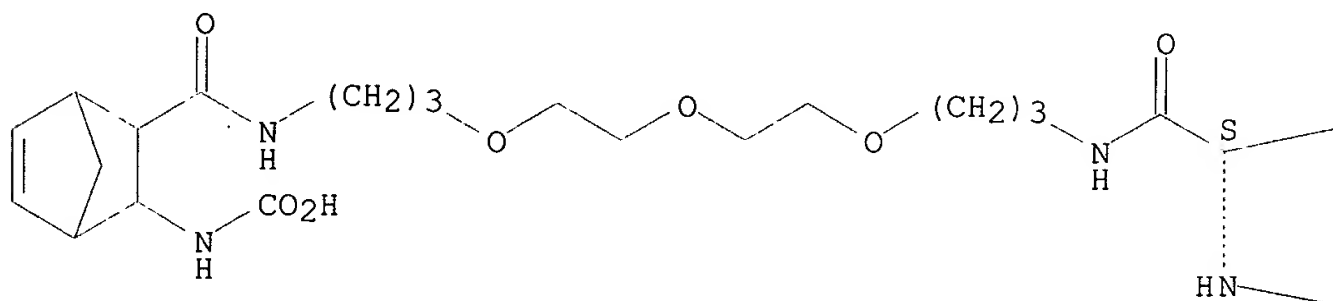
MF C34 H59 N5 O10

SR CA

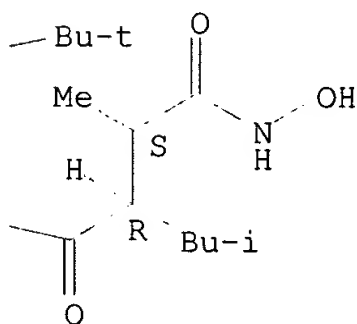
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:24315

L112 ANSWER 2 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

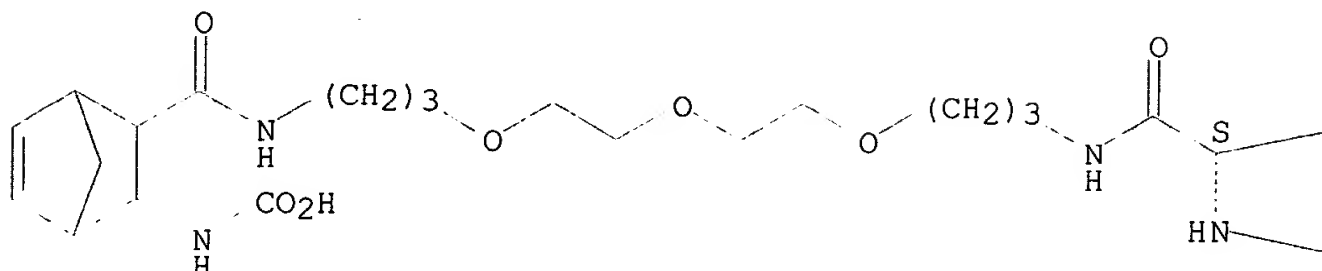
RN 434283-20-2 REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-[2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12-trioxo-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-

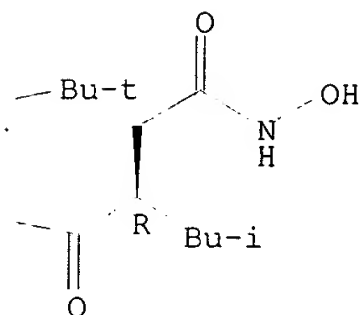
yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 MF C33 H57 N5 O10
 SR CA
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:24315

L112 ANSWER 3 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **434283-19-9** REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[17-[(6S,7R,10S)-6-[(hydroxyamino)carbonyl]-7-(2-methylpropyl)-8-oxo-2-oxa-9-azabicyclo[10.2.2]hexadeca-12,14,15-trien-10-yl]-1,17-dioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-2,16-diazaheptadec-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

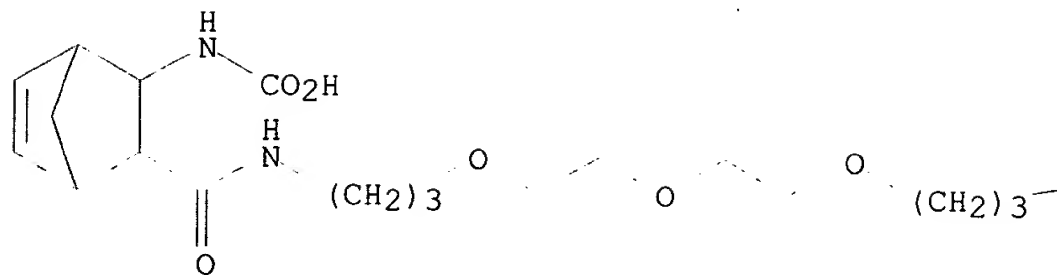
MF **C39 H59 N5 O11**

SR CA

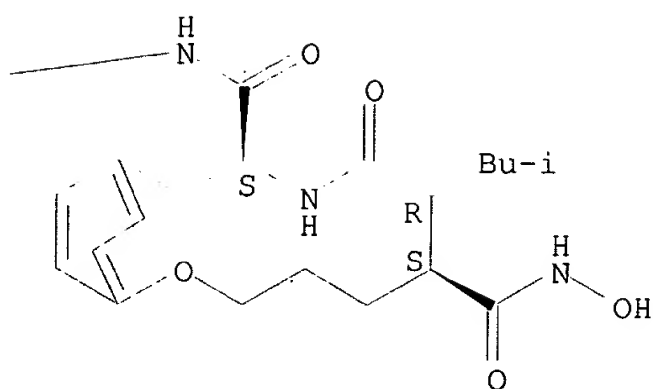
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:24315

L112 ANSWER 4 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **434283-18-8** REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R,22S)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-22-
 [(hydroxyamino)carbonyl]-21-(2-methylpropyl)-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12,23-
 tetraoxa-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

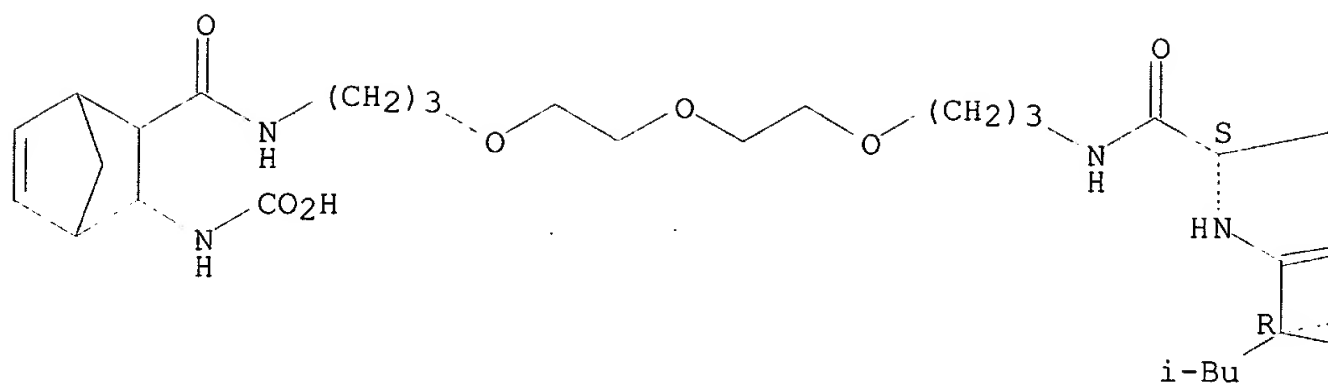
MF C34 H59 N5 O11

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

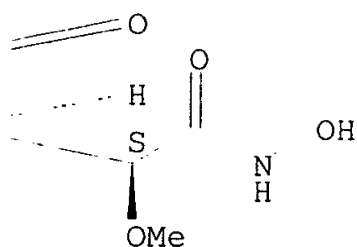
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:24315

L112 ANSWER 5 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 434283-17-7 REGISTRY

CN Carbamic acid, [3-[(18S,21R)-18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-[(1S)-1-hydroxy-2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-1,17,20-trioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-2,16,19-triazatetracos-1-yl]bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

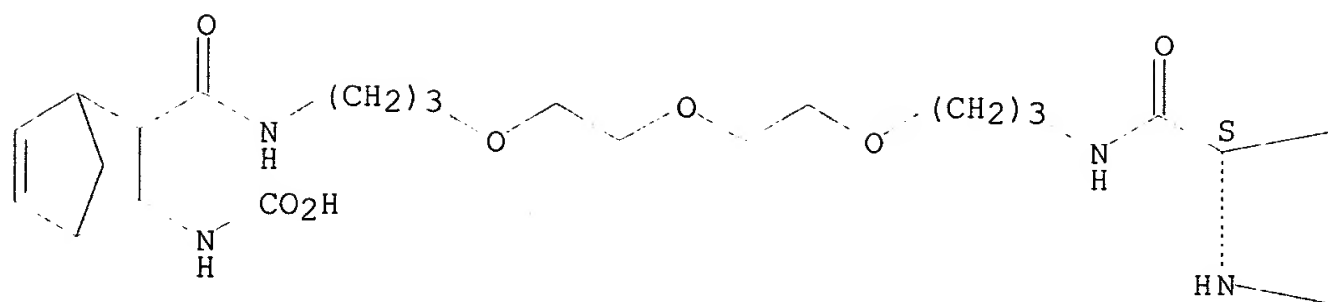
MF C33 H57 N5 O11

SR CA

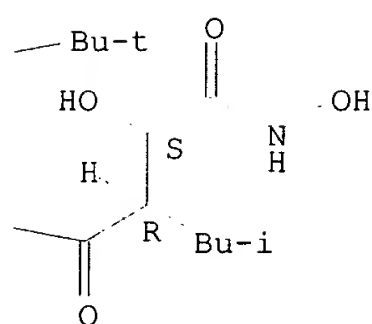
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:24315

L112 ANSWER 6 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 433708-37-3 REGISTRY

CN 6,9,12-Trioxa-2,16,19-triazatetracosanoic acid, 18-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-21-
 [(1S)-1-hydroxy-2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-23-methyl-17,20-dioxo-,
 phenylmethyl ester, (18S,21R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

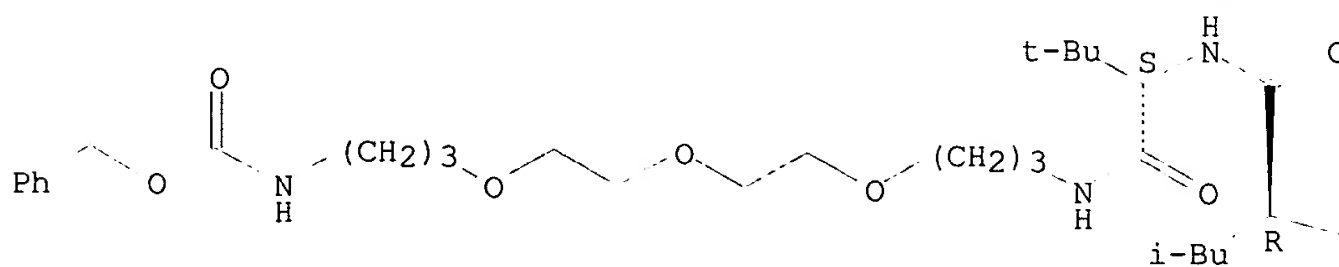
MF C32 H54 N4 O10

SR CA

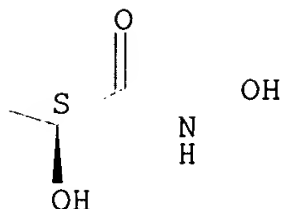
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:24315

L112 ANSWER 7 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 177402-92-5 REGISTRY

CN Hyaluronic acid, zinc salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Curiosin

CN Zinc hyaluronate

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:44739

REFERENCE 2: 137:333054

REFERENCE 3: 137:268441

REFERENCE 4: 136:369236

REFERENCE 5: 136:221741

REFERENCE 6: 135:92794

REFERENCE 7: 135:86710

REFERENCE 8: 134:9354

REFERENCE 9: 133:217693

REFERENCE 10: 133:125288

L112 ANSWER 8 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 146480-36-6 REGISTRY

CN Gelatinase B (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 92,000-Mol.-wt. gelatinase

CN 92,000-Mol.-wt. type IV collagenase
CN 92-kD Gelatinase
CN 92-kDa Gelatinase
CN 92-kDa Type IV collagenase
CN 95 kDa Type IV collagenase/gelatinase
CN Collagenase IV
CN Collagenase type IV
CN E.C. 3.4.24.35
CN Gelatinase MMP 9
CN Matrix metalloprotease 9
CN Matrix metalloproteinase 9
CN MMP 9
CN Type IV collagen metalloproteinase
CN Type IV collagenase
CN Type IV collagenase/gelatinase
MF Unspecified
CI MAN
SR CA
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
CA, CAPLUS, CEN, CIN, EMBASE, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

2950 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

10 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

2966 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:37954

REFERENCE 2: 138:37789

REFERENCE 3: 138:37771

REFERENCE 4: 138:37566

REFERENCE 5: 138:37447

REFERENCE 6: 138:37394

REFERENCE 7: 138:37277

REFERENCE 8: 138:37107

REFERENCE 9: 138:37069

REFERENCE 10: 138:36911

L112 ANSWER 9 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS.

RN 146480-35-5 REGISTRY

CN Gelatinase A (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 72 kDa Gelatinase
CN 72 kDa Gelatinase type A
CN 72,000-Mol.-wt. gelatinase
CN 72,000-Mol.-wt. type IV collagenase
CN Collagenase IV
CN Collagenase type IV
CN E.C. 3.4.24.24
CN Matrix metalloprotease 2
CN Matrix metalloproteinase 2
CN MMP 2
CN Type IV collagen metalloproteinase
CN Type IV collagenase
CN Type IV collagenase/gelatinase

MF Unspecified
CI MAN
SR CA
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
CA, CAPLUS, CEN, CIN, EMBASE, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

3127 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

11 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

3143 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:37771

REFERENCE 2: 138:37164

REFERENCE 3: 138:37119

REFERENCE 4: 138:37069

REFERENCE 5: 138:36964

REFERENCE 6: 138:36862

REFERENCE 7: 138:36820

REFERENCE 8: 138:36590

REFERENCE 9: 138:36281

REFERENCE 10: 138:35169

L112 ANSWER 10 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 145266-99-5 REGISTRY

CN Proteinase inhibitor, metallo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Metalloprotease inhibitor

CN Metalloproteinase inhibitor

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CIN,
PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

90 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

91 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:346178

REFERENCE 2: 137:322841

REFERENCE 3: 137:121462

REFERENCE 4: 136:319368

REFERENCE 5: 136:290000

REFERENCE 6: 136:227913

REFERENCE 7: 136:131785

REFERENCE 8: 136:49642

REFERENCE 9: 136:31664

REFERENCE 10: 136:1566

L112 ANSWER 11 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 141907-41-7 REGISTRY

CN Proteinase, matrix metallo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Matrix metalloendoproteinase

CN Matrix metalloprotease

CN Matrix metalloprotease HIPHUM35

CN Matrix metalloproteinase

CN Matrix-degrading metalloproteinase

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

2210 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

13 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

2230 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:37992

REFERENCE 2: 138:37981

REFERENCE 3: 138:37447

REFERENCE 4: 138:36719

REFERENCE 5: 138:36683

REFERENCE 6: 138:35680

REFERENCE 7: 138:35169

REFERENCE 8: 138:35094

REFERENCE 9: 138:22909

REFERENCE 10: 138:22681

L112 ANSWER 12 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 140208-24-8 REGISTRY

CN Proteinase inhibitor, TIMP 1 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN TIMP 1

CN Tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase-1

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CIN, EMBASE, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

1635 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

33 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1644 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:37164

REFERENCE 2: 138:37027
REFERENCE 3: 138:33034
REFERENCE 4: 138:32929
REFERENCE 5: 138:23404
REFERENCE 6: 138:23009
REFERENCE 7: 138:22812
REFERENCE 8: 138:21264
REFERENCE 9: 138:12378
REFERENCE 10: 138:11772

L112 ANSWER 13 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 124861-55-8 REGISTRY

CN Proteinase inhibitor, TIMP 2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN TIMP 2

CN TIMP-2 proteinase inhibitor

CN Tissue inhibitor metalloproteinase-2

DR 127497-59-0

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,
CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CIN, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, MEDLINE, PHAR, PROMT,
TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

1191 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

29 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1193 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:37164
REFERENCE 2: 138:37069
REFERENCE 3: 138:36820
REFERENCE 4: 138:23360
REFERENCE 5: 138:22812
REFERENCE 6: 138:22748
REFERENCE 7: 138:22575
REFERENCE 8: 138:20443
REFERENCE 9: 138:19264
REFERENCE 10: 138:11772

L112 ANSWER 14 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 86102-31-0 REGISTRY

CN Proteinase inhibitor, TIMP (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Metalloproteinase elastase inhibitor
CN TIMP
CN TIMP metalloproteinase inhibitor
CN TIMP proteinase inhibitor
CN Tissue inhibitor of matrix metalloproteinase
CN Tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase
MF Unspecified
CI MAN
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, CA,
CAPLUS, CIN, PHAR, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

616 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

21 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

619 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:22918
REFERENCE 2: 138:21791
REFERENCE 3: 138:19488
REFERENCE 4: 137:383081
REFERENCE 5: 137:367257
REFERENCE 6: 137:365343
REFERENCE 7: 137:350835
REFERENCE 8: 137:348213
REFERENCE 9: 137:347243
REFERENCE 10: 137:346861

L112 ANSWER 15 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 79955-99-0 REGISTRY

CN Stromelysin 1 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN E.C. 3.4.24.17

CN Matrix metalloprotease 3

CN Matrix metalloproteinase 3

CN Matrix metalloproteinase MMP-3

CN MMP-3

CN Neutral proteoglycanase

CN Proteoglycanase

CN Stromelysin

CN Transin

DR 107087-03-6, 118368-07-3

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
CA, CAPLUS, CEN, CIN, EMBASE, IPA, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

2020 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

26 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

2029 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:37107
REFERENCE 2: 138:37069

REFERENCE 3: 138:36908

REFERENCE 4: 138:36857

REFERENCE 5: 138:35169

REFERENCE 6: 138:34222

REFERENCE 7: 138:33336

REFERENCE 8: 138:32563

REFERENCE 9: 138:29102

REFERENCE 10: 138:23360

L112 ANSWER 16 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **39391-18-9** REGISTRY

CN Synthetase, prostaglandin endoperoxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Arachidonate cyclooxygenase

CN Arachidonic acid cyclooxygenase

CN Arachidonic cyclooxygenase

CN Cyclooxygenase

CN E.C. 1.14.99.1

CN Fatty acid cyclooxygenase

CN Gene TIS10 proteins

CN Peroxidase, prostaglandin hydroperoxide

CN PG synthetase

CN PGG/H synthase

CN PGG2 peroxidase

CN PGH synthase

CN PGH2 synthase

CN PGH2 synthetase

CN PGI2 cyclooxygenase

CN Prostaglandin cyclooxygenase

CN Prostaglandin endoperoxide G/H synthase

CN Prostaglandin endoperoxide H synthase

CN Prostaglandin endoperoxide synthase

CN Prostaglandin endoperoxide synthetase

CN Prostaglandin G/H synthase

CN Prostaglandin G2 peroxidase

CN Prostaglandin G2/H2 synthase

CN Prostaglandin H synthase

CN Prostaglandin H synthetase

CN Prostaglandin H2 synthase

CN Prostaglandin H2 synthetase

CN Prostaglandin hydroperoxidase

CN Prostaglandin hydroperoxide peroxidase

CN Prostaglandin peroxidase

CN Proteins, gene TIS10

CN TXA2 cyclooxygenase

DR 59763-19-8, 64427-82-3, 69913-02-6

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CIN, EMBASE, NIOSHTIC, PROMT,
TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

7834 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

79 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

7810 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:44710
REFERENCE 2: 138:36597
REFERENCE 3: 138:36534
REFERENCE 4: 138:33627
REFERENCE 5: 138:33613
REFERENCE 6: 138:33578
REFERENCE 7: 138:33086
REFERENCE 8: 138:20671
REFERENCE 9: 138:19889
REFERENCE 10: 138:19837

L112 ANSWER 17 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 9067-32-7 REGISTRY

CN Hyaluronic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Artz
CN Bio Hyaluro 12
CN FCH 200
CN FCH 248
CN HA-Q
CN HA-Q 1
CN Healon
CN Healon (polysaccharide)
CN Healon GV
CN Hyalart
CN Hyalein
CN Hyalgan
CN Hyladerm
CN Nidelon
CN NRD 101
CN Opegan
CN Orthovisc
CN SI 4402
CN SL 1010
CN SLM 10
CN Sodium hyaluronate
CN SPH
DR 34448-35-6
MF Unspecified
CI PMS, COM, MAN
PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS,
BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN,
CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
MRCK*, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2,
USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

1375 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

57 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

1381 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:44739
REFERENCE 2: 138:29217
REFERENCE 3: 138:29203
REFERENCE 4: 138:29160
REFERENCE 5: 138:28964
REFERENCE 6: 138:20902
REFERENCE 7: 138:315
REFERENCE 8: 137:389255
REFERENCE 9: 137:389246
REFERENCE 10: 137:389204

L112 ANSWER 18 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 9004-61-9 REGISTRY

CN Hyaluronic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN ACP

CN ACP (polysaccharide)

CN ACP gel

CN Durolane

CN Hyaluronan

CN Hylartil

CN Luronit

CN Mucoitin

CN Sepracoat

CN Synvisc

DR 9039-38-7, 37243-73-5, 29382-75-0

MF Unspecified

CI PMS, COM, MAN

PCT Manual registration, Polyester, Polyester formed

LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS,
BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGU,
DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*,
NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH, PIRA, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USAN,
USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

9066 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

699 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

9097 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:44763
REFERENCE 2: 138:44758
REFERENCE 3: 138:44756
REFERENCE 4: 138:44739
REFERENCE 5: 138:44720

REFERENCE 6: 138:44717

REFERENCE 7: 138:44708

REFERENCE 8: 138:44493

REFERENCE 9: 138:40942

REFERENCE 10: 138:40803

L112 ANSWER 19 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 9001-92-7 REGISTRY

CN Proteinase (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-N-Benzoyl-DL-arginine-p-nitroanilide hydrolase

CN 537 Acidic protease

CN Actinase

CN Alkalase 2.4L FG

CN Alkalase 2.5L Type DX

CN Alkaline protease-L FG

CN ALP 901

CN AO protease

CN APL 901

CN Aquatinase E

CN Arginine esterase

CN AS 1.398

CN AS 10

CN Azocaseinase

CN BAPAase

CN BAPNAase

CN Benzoyl arginine arylamidase

CN Benzoyl-DL-arginine-p-nitroanilide hydrolase

CN Biopraser SP-4FG

CN Bioprotease A

CN Bioprotease N 100P

CN Carbonyl hydrolase

CN Casein endopeptidase

CN Caseinase

CN Cleanase AP 100-PWC

CN Corolase 7089

CN Corolase L 10

CN DA 10

CN DA 10 (enzyme)

CN Denatyme AP

CN Durazyme 16.0L

CN Endopeptidase

CN Endopeptidase O

CN Endoprotease

CN Endoproteinase

CN Enzylase K 40

CN Enzylon SAL

CN Enzylon SAL 300

CN Enzymes, proteolytic

CN Esteroproteinase

CN Everlase 16L

CN Everlase 16L Type EX

CN Fibrinase

CN Flavorase

CN Flavourzyme 500 MG

CN Fungal Protease P 31000

CN Genencor 4000 S

CN GHPO 525 protease

CN GPR protease
CN Growth-related proteinase
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
DISPLAY
DR 9001-93-8, 9012-23-1, 9040-76-0, 125498-72-8, 125752-86-5, 123779-18-0,
124041-97-0, 120038-39-3, 120038-40-6, 105913-13-1, 118901-82-9,
144906-30-9, 143404-30-2, 143404-41-5, 80804-52-0, 116267-38-0,
117278-03-2, 117698-27-8, 118390-80-0
MF Unspecified
CI COM, MAN
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN,
CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
IPA, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PIRA, PLASPEC*, PROMT, RTECS*,
TOXCENTER, TULSA, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VTB
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: EINECS**, TSCA**
(*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
34479 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
392 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
34529 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:44498
REFERENCE 2: 138:44492
REFERENCE 3: 138:44457
REFERENCE 4: 138:41033
REFERENCE 5: 138:40618
REFERENCE 6: 138:40581
REFERENCE 7: 138:38547
REFERENCE 8: 138:38520
REFERENCE 9: 138:38474
REFERENCE 10: 138:38472

L112 ANSWER 20 OF 20 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 9001-12-1 REGISTRY
CN Collagenase (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN Aspergillopeptidase C
CN Azocollase
CN Clostridiopeptidase A
CN Clostridiopeptidase I
CN Clostridiopeptidase II
CN Collagen peptidase
CN Collagen protease
CN Collagenase A
CN Collagenase MMP-1
CN E.C. 3.4.24.3
CN E.C. 3.4.24.34
CN E.C. 3.4.24.7
CN E.C. 3.4.4.19
CN E.C. 3.4.99.5
CN Interstitial collagenase

CN Kollaza
CN Liberase
CN Liberase Blendzyme IV
CN Matrix metalloprotease 1
CN Matrix metalloprotease MMP-ABT
CN Matrix metalloproteinase-1
CN Matrix metalloproteinase-18
CN Matrix metalloproteinase-8
CN Metallocollagenase
CN Metalloproteinase-1
CN MMP-1
CN MMP-8
CN Morikraz
CN Nucleolysin
CN Peptidase, clostridio-, A
CN Proteinase, Clostridium histolyticum, A
CN Soycollagestin
DR 37288-86-1, 39433-96-0
MF Unspecified
CI COM, MAN
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
CA, CABA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM,
DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE,
MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, PHAR, PIRA, PROMT, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)
Other Sources: EINECS**, TSCA**
(*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
7269 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
71 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
7281 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:44756
REFERENCE 2: 138:44498
REFERENCE 3: 138:38132
REFERENCE 4: 138:37447
REFERENCE 5: 138:37069
REFERENCE 6: 138:37048
REFERENCE 7: 138:36908
REFERENCE 8: 138:36886
REFERENCE 9: 138:35681
REFERENCE 10: 138:35169

=> fil embase
FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 17:23:24 ON 21 JAN 2003
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FILE COVERS 1974 TO 16 Jan 2003 (20030116/ED)

EMBASE has been reloaded. Enter HELP RLOAD for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate

substance identification.

=> d all tot

L133 ANSWER 1 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.
AN 2001370730 EMBASE
TI A critique of the 2000 update of the American College of Rheumatology
recommendations for management of hip and knee osteoarthritis [5].
AU Brandt K.D.; Hochberg M.C.
CS Dr. K.D. Brandt, Indiana Univ. School of Medicine, Indianapolis, IN,
United States
SO Arthritis and Rheumatism, (2001) 44/10 (2451-2456).
ISSN: 0004-3591 CODEN: ARHEAW
CY United States
DT Journal; Letter
FS 031 Arthritis and Rheumatism
036 Health Policy, Economics and Management
037 Drug Literature Index
038 Adverse Reactions Titles
LA English
CT Medical Descriptors:
*knee osteoarthritis: DM, disease management
*knee osteoarthritis: DT, drug therapy
*coxitis: DM, disease management
*coxitis: DT, drug therapy
medical society
practice guideline
drug contraindication
drug safety
drug efficacy
drug cost
evidence based medicine
expert system
medical literature
peer review
antiinflammatory activity
analgesic activity
drug induced disease: SI, side effect
liver toxicity: SI, side effect
drug overdose
human
clinical trial
letter
priority journal
Drug Descriptors:
hyaluronic acid: DT, drug therapy
hyaluronic acid: AR, intraarticular drug administration
opiate: AE, adverse drug reaction
opiate: DT, drug therapy
opiate: PE, pharmacoeconomics
tramadol: AE, adverse drug reaction
tramadol: DT, drug therapy
tramadol: PE, pharmacoeconomics
paracetamol: AE, adverse drug reaction
paracetamol: CT, clinical trial
paracetamol: CB, drug combination
paracetamol: CM, drug comparison
paracetamol: DO, drug dose
paracetamol: DT, drug therapy
paracetamol: TO, drug toxicity
paracetamol: PE, pharmacoeconomics
analgesic agent: AE, adverse drug reaction
analgesic agent: CT, clinical trial

analgesic agent: CB, drug combination
 analgesic agent: CM, drug comparison
 analgesic agent: DO, drug dose
 analgesic agent: DT, drug therapy
 analgesic agent: TO, drug toxicity
 analgesic agent: PE, pharmacoeconomics
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: AE, adverse drug reaction
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: CT, clinical trial
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: CM, drug comparison
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: DO, drug dose
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: DT, drug therapy
 phenylbutazone: CM, drug comparison
 phenylbutazone: DT, drug therapy
 ibuprofen: CT, clinical trial
 ibuprofen: CM, drug comparison
 ibuprofen: DO, drug dose
 ibuprofen: DT, drug therapy
 celecoxib: AE, adverse drug reaction
 celecoxib: CT, clinical trial
 celecoxib: CB, drug combination
 celecoxib: DT, drug therapy
 rofecoxib: AE, adverse drug reaction
 rofecoxib: CT, clinical trial
 rofecoxib: DT, drug therapy
 acetylsalicylic acid: AE, adverse drug reaction
 acetylsalicylic acid: DO, drug dose
 acetylsalicylic acid: DT, drug therapy
 cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitor: AE, adverse drug reaction
 cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitor: CT, clinical trial
 cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitor: CB, drug combination
 cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitor: DT, drug therapy
 cyclooxygenase 1 inhibitor: AE, adverse drug reaction
 cyclooxygenase 1 inhibitor: DT, drug therapy
 warfarin: AE, adverse drug reaction
 warfarin: CB, drug combination
 warfarin: DT, drug therapy
 corticosteroid: DT, drug therapy
 corticosteroid: AR, intraarticular drug administration
 glucocorticoid: DT, drug therapy
 glucocorticoid: AR, intraarticular drug administration

RN (hyaluronic acid) 31799-91-4,
 9004-61-9, 9067-32-7; (opiate) 53663-61-9, 8002-76-4,
 8008-60-4; (tramadol) 27203-92-5, 36282-47-0; (paracetamol) 103-90-2;
 (phenylbutazone) 129-18-0, 50-33-9, 8054-70-4; (ibuprofen) 15687-27-1;
 (celecoxib) 169590-42-5; (rofecoxib) 162011-90-7, 186912-82-3;
 (acetylsalicylic acid) 493-53-8, 50-78-2, 53663-74-4, 53664-49-6,
 63781-77-1; (warfarin) 129-06-6, 2610-86-8, 3324-63-8, 5543-58-8, 81-81-2

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AN 2000335279 EMBASE

TI 'Horizons in Rheumatology' 2nd Annual CPD Update Thursday 16th March 2000
 Royal College of Pathologists, London.

AU Dawson J.

CS Dr. J. Dawson, Department of Rheumatology, University Hospital Aintree,
 Longmoor Lane, Liverpool L9 7AL, United Kingdom

SO CPD Rheumatology, (2000) 1/3 (111-112).

ISSN: 1367-8922 CODEN: CPDRFU

CY United Kingdom

DT Journal; Conference Article

FS 007 Pediatrics and Pediatric Surgery

037 Drug Literature Index

031 Arthritis and Rheumatism

038 Adverse Reactions Titles

052 Toxicology
 017 Public Health, Social Medicine and Epidemiology
 020 Gerontology and Geriatrics
 010 Obstetrics and Gynecology
 030 PharmacologyGerontology and Geriatrics

LA English

CT Medical Descriptors:

*arthritis: EP, epidemiology
 *arthritis: DT, drug therapy
 *arthritis: ET, etiology
 *arthritis: TH, therapy
 *arthritis: DI, diagnosis
 *arthritis: DR, drug resistance
 human
 clinical trial
 United Kingdom
 Paget bone disease: EP, epidemiology
 Paget bone disease: DT, drug therapy
 Paget bone disease: DR, drug resistance
 osteoarthritis: DI, diagnosis
 osteoarthritis: ET, etiology
 osteoarthritis: EP, epidemiology
 osteoarthritis: DT, drug therapy
 osteoarthritis: TH, therapy
 aging
 juvenile rheumatoid arthritis: DT, drug therapy
 risk factor
 prevalence
 rheumatic disease: TH, therapy
 rheumatic disease: DT, drug therapy
 conservative treatment
 rheumatoid arthritis: DT, drug therapy
 rheumatoid arthritis: TH, therapy
 pregnancy
 maternal disease: SI, side effect
 drug safety
 immune deficiency: SI, side effect
 thrombocytopenia: SI, side effect
 coxitis
 drug absorption
 newborn disease: SI, side effect
 conference paper
 Drug Descriptors:
 *antirheumatic agent: DT, drug therapy
 *antirheumatic agent: CM, drug comparison
 *antirheumatic agent: CB, drug combination
 *antirheumatic agent: TO, drug toxicity
 *antirheumatic agent: AR, intraarticular drug administration
 *antirheumatic agent: PD, pharmacology
 *antirheumatic agent: AE, adverse drug reaction
 *antirheumatic agent: CT, clinical trial
 ascorbic acid: DT, drug therapy
 bisphosphonic acid derivative: DT, drug therapy
 bisphosphonic acid derivative: PD, pharmacology
 alkaline phosphatase: EC, endogenous compound
 etidronic acid: DT, drug therapy
 calcitonin: DT, drug therapy
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: DT, drug therapy
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: CM, drug comparison
 paracetamol: DT, drug therapy
 paracetamol: CM, drug comparison
 capsaicin: DT, drug therapy
 capsaicin: CT, clinical trial

hyaluronic acid: DT, drug therapy
 hyaluronic acid: AR, intraarticular drug administration
 hyaluronic acid derivative: DT, drug therapy
 hyaluronic acid derivative: AR, intraarticular drug administration
 tiludronic acid: DT, drug therapy
 methotrexate: DT, drug therapy
 methotrexate: CM, drug comparison
 methotrexate: TO, drug toxicity
 methotrexate: CB, drug combination
 methotrexate: PK, pharmacokinetics
 tumor necrosis factor alpha antibody: DT, drug therapy
 etanercept: DT, drug therapy
 etanercept: CM, drug comparison
 etanercept: CT, clinical trial
 infliximab: DT, drug therapy
 infliximab: CM, drug comparison
 prednisolone: DT, drug therapy
 corticosteroid derivative: AE, adverse drug reaction
 hydroxychloroquine: DT, drug therapy
 azathioprine: DT, drug therapy
 salazosulfapyridine: DT, drug therapy
 salazosulfapyridine: AE, adverse drug reaction
 dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase inhibitor: DT, drug therapy
 dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase inhibitor: TO, drug toxicity
 leflunomide: DT, drug therapy
 leflunomide: CM, drug comparison
 leflunomide: CB, drug combination
 leflunomide: TO, drug toxicity
 RN (ascorbic acid) 134-03-2, 15421-15-5, 50-81-7; (alkaline phosphatase) 9001-78-9; (etidronic acid) 2809-21-4, 3794-83-0, 58449-82-4, 7414-83-7; (calcitonin) 12321-44-7, 21215-62-3, 9007-12-9; (paracetamol) 103-90-2; (capsaicin) 404-86-4; (**hyaluronic acid**) 31799-91-4, 9004-61-9, 9067-32-7; (tiludronic acid) 96538-83-9; (methotrexate) 15475-56-6, 59-05-2, 7413-34-5; (etanercept) 185243-69-0, 200013-86-1; (infliximab) 170277-31-3; (prednisolone) 50-24-8; (hydroxychloroquine) 118-42-3, 525-31-5; (azathioprine) 446-86-6; (salazosulfapyridine) 599-79-1; (leflunomide) 75706-12-6
 CN Hyalgan
 NP synvisc
 L133 ANSWER 3 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.
 AN 97287685 EMBASE
 DN 1997287685
 TI Anti-inflammatory activity of superoxide dismutase conjugated with sodium **hyaluronate**.
 AU Sakurai K.; Miyazaki K.; Koder Y.; Nishimura H.; Shingu M.; Inada Y.
 CS Y. Inada, Toin Human Science/Technology Centre, Dept. Materials Science/Technology, Toin University of Yokohama, 1614 Kurogane-cho, Aoba-ku, Yokohama 225, Japan
 SO Glycoconjugate Journal, (1997) 14/6 (723-728).
 Refs: 32
 ISSN: 0282-0080 CODEN: GLJOEW
 CY United Kingdom
 DT Journal; Article
 FS 030 Pharmacology
 031 Arthritis and Rheumatism
 037 Drug Literature Index
 LA English
 SL English
 AB Superoxide dismutase (SOD) from bovine erythrocytes was conjugated with sodium **hyaluronate** (HA) with a mean molecular weight of 106 to have greater anti-inflammatory activity in vivo. Amino groups of SOD were

coupled with carboxyl groups in the **hyaluronate** molecule using 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide. The HA-SOD conjugate was composed of 1.5 mol of SOD molecule per 1 mol of **hyaluronate** on the average, and retained 70% of the activity of unmodified SOD. The conjugate was essentially non-immunogenic in mice, and exhibited much higher anti-inflammatory activities than HA or SOD in models of inflammatory diseases such as ischemic oedema of the foot-pad in mice, carrageenin-induced pleurisy and adjuvant arthritis in rats.

CT Medical Descriptors:

*adjuvant arthritis
 *antiinflammatory activity
 *inflammatory disease: DT, drug therapy
 animal cell
 animal experiment
 animal model
 article
 cattle
 controlled study
 drug safety
 enzyme activity
 enzyme binding
 enzyme isolation
 erythrocyte
 immune response
 intraarticular drug administration
 intraperitoneal drug administration
 intravenous drug administration
 mouse
 nonhuman
 priority journal
 rat

Drug Descriptors:

*antiinflammatory agent: PD, pharmacology
 *antiinflammatory agent: CB, drug combination
 *antiinflammatory agent: AN, drug analysis
 *antiinflammatory agent: CM, drug comparison
 *antiinflammatory agent: DV, drug development
 *antiinflammatory agent: DT, drug therapy
 *glycoconjugate: PD, pharmacology
 *glycoconjugate: DT, drug therapy
 *glycoconjugate: AN, drug analysis
 *hyaluronic acid: CB, drug combination
 *hyaluronic acid: CM, drug comparison
 *hyaluronic acid: PD, pharmacology
 *superoxide dismutase: CB, drug combination
 *superoxide dismutase: PD, pharmacology
 *superoxide dismutase: DT, drug therapy
 *superoxide dismutase: DO, drug dose
 *superoxide dismutase: CM, drug comparison

indometacin: CM, drug comparison

indometacin: DT, drug therapy

RN (hyaluronic acid) 31799-91-4,
 9004-61-9, 9067-32-7; (superoxide dismutase) 37294-21-6,
 9016-01-7, 9054-89-1; (indometacin) 53-86-1, 74252-25-8, 7681-54-1
 CO Seikagaku (Japan); Sigma (United States)

L133 ANSWER 4 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

AN 97091232 EMBASE

DN 1997091232

TI Efficacy of **hyaluronic acid**/nonsteroidal
 anti-inflammatory drug systems in preventing postsurgical tendon
 adhesions.

AU Miller J.A.; Ferguson R.L.; Powers D.L.; Burns J.W.; Shalaby S.W.

CS Dr. D.L. Powers, Department of Bioengineering, Clemson University,
Clemson, SC 29634-0909, United States

SO Journal of Biomedical Materials Research, (1997) 38/1 (25-33).
Refs: 18
ISSN: 0021-9304 CODEN: JBMRBG

CY United States

DT Journal; Article

FS 027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation
033 Orthopedic Surgery
037 Drug Literature Index

LA English

SL English

AB Tendon adhesion is acknowledged to be a function of both an overwhelming inflammatory response at the surgical site and the loss of physical separation that is normally present between the tendons and the synovial sheath. Adhesions bind the flexor tendons to each other and to surrounding structures, interfering with their normal gliding function. The clinical result of adhesion formation following flexor tendon surgery is poor digital function. This study investigated the effect of intraoperative treatments of high viscosity absorbable gels made of various combinations of **hyaluronic acid** and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, on adhesion formation in a leghorn chicken flexor tendon model. Forty-eight mature, white leghorn chickens were used to verify the surgical model and to test five different gel treatments. The gels were formed from: 2% sodium **hyaluronate** in phosphate buffered saline alone or combined with 1 mg/mL tolmetin sodium; 1 mg/mL naproxen sodium; 0.216 g/mL calcium acetate; or 0.216 g/mL calcium acetate plus 1 mg/mL naproxen sodium. The gels were applied by injecting 0.2 mL of the specified composition into the intrasheath space near the conclusion of the surgical procedure. Gross and histological evaluations were conducted to analyze the efficacy. All of the treatments significantly reduced the extent and severity of postsurgical tendon adhesion in this animal model as compared with the control (no gel treatment) ($p < 0.05$). The combination of naproxen sodium and calcium acetate in a high viscosity sodium **hyaluronate** carrier was the most effective composition. The combination of a high viscosity gel and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs appears to maintain the natural separation between the tendons and their sheaths and decrease the tissue inflammatory response through mediating two of the major stimuli in adhesion formation.

CT Medical Descriptors:
*adhesion
*drug delivery system
*tendinitis: PC, prevention
*tendinitis: DT, drug therapy
*tendinitis: CO, complication
animal model
antiinflammatory activity
article
chicken
controlled study
drug efficacy
flexor tendon
intramuscular drug administration
intraperitoneal drug administration
intravenous drug administration
nonhuman
postoperative complication
rat
tendon surgery
topical drug administration
Drug Descriptors:
*calcium acetate: PR, pharmaceuticals
*calcium acetate: DT, drug therapy

*not
synthesize*

*calcium acetate: CM, drug comparison
 *calcium acetate: CB, drug combination
 *calcium acetate: AD, drug administration
 *hyaluronic acid: AD, drug administration
 *hyaluronic acid: CB, drug combination
 *hyaluronic acid: CM, drug comparison
 *hyaluronic acid: DT, drug therapy
 *hyaluronic acid: PR, pharmaceuticals
 *naproxen: CM, drug comparison
 *naproxen: PR, pharmaceuticals
 *naproxen: DT, drug therapy
 *naproxen: AD, drug administration
 *naproxen: CB, drug combination
 *nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: CB, drug combination
 *nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: CM, drug comparison
 *nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: DT, drug therapy
 *nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: PR, pharmaceuticals
 *nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: AD, drug administration
 *tolmetin: PR, pharmaceuticals
 *tolmetin: DT, drug therapy
 *tolmetin: CM, drug comparison
 *tolmetin: CB, drug combination
 *tolmetin: AD, drug administration
 ibuprofen: DO, drug dose
 ibuprofen: AD, drug administration
 ibuprofen: DT, drug therapy

RN (calcium acetate) 62-54-4; (hyaluronic acid)
 31799-91-4, 9004-61-9, 9067-32-7; (naproxen)
 22204-53-1, 26159-34-2; (tolmetin) 26171-23-3, 35711-34-3; (ibuprofen)
 15687-27-1
 CO Genzyme (United States); Rw johnson (United States); Sigma (United
 States); Baker (United States)

L133 ANSWER 5 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

AN 94338422 EMBASE

DN 1994338422

TI Review and evaluation of 3% diclofenac in **hyaluronan** (D.HA) gel.

AU Russell A.L.; Fraser R.; Willoughby D.; Tomlinson A.; Falk R.E.

CS Academy of Pain Management, 18 Kensington Road, Bramalea, Ont. L6T 4S5,
 Canada

SO Round Table Series - Royal Society of Medicine, (1994) -/33 (64-71).
 ISSN: 0268-3091 CODEN: RTSSES

CY United Kingdom

DT Journal; Conference Article

FS 008 Neurology and Neurosurgery

030 Pharmacology

037 Drug Literature Index

LA English

SL English

AB 1. D.HA has a unique analgesic action distal from the site of inflammation. 2. Consideration should be given in further trials to extending the age group limit to 75 to cover the cases where topical agents will be most useful. 3. Possible evaluation and double blind study for treatment of thrombophlebitis should be undertaken in an older age group who are at higher risk from oral NSAIDs. 4. Capsaicin should be scientifically evaluated as a test bed for rapid inexpensive evaluation of D.HA, and seems to be ideal for comparison with other NSAIDs. Further work is needed in a university laboratory setting. 5. With the ever-increasing epidemic of myofascial and fibromyalgia, thought should be given to evaluating treatment in this field. In summary, HA in combination with an NSAID will induce local analgesia, and distant analgesia in deeper structures beyond the range of initial diffusion. Can this be explained by an axon reflex? Comments would be appreciated.

*not
conjugate*

CT Medical Descriptors:
 *analgesia
 antiinflammatory activity
 clinical trial
 conference paper
 drug formulation
 drug mechanism
 fibromyalgia: DT, drug therapy
 human
 inflammation: DT, drug therapy
 meta analysis
 myofascial pain: DT, drug therapy
 nerve ending
 nerve fiber
 nerve stimulation
 neuritis: DT, drug therapy
 nonhuman
 osteoarthritis: DT, drug therapy
 pain: DT, drug therapy
 patient compliance
 soft tissue injury: DT, drug therapy
 thermography
 thrombophlebitis: DT, drug therapy
 tooth extraction
 topical drug administration
 ulcer: DT, drug therapy
 Drug Descriptors:
 *diclofenac: CM, drug comparison
 *diclofenac: DT, drug therapy
 *diclofenac: PR, pharmaceuticals
 *diclofenac: PD, pharmacology
 *diclofenac: CT, clinical trial
 antibiotic agent: DT, drug therapy
 antibiotic agent: CB, drug combination
 capsaicin
 hyaluronic acid: CB, drug combination
 hyaluronic acid: DT, drug therapy
 nonsteroid antiinflammatory agent: CM, drug comparison
 piroxicam: CT, clinical trial
 piroxicam: CB, drug combination
 piroxicam: DT, drug therapy
 substance p: EC, endogenous compound

RN (diclofenac) 15307-79-6, 15307-86-5; (capsaicin) 404-86-4; (
hyaluronic acid) 31799-91-4, 9004-61-9
 , 9067-32-7; (piroxicam) 36322-90-4; (substance p) 33507-63-0

CO Pfizer (Indonesia)

L133 ANSWER 6 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.
 AN 94035278 EMBASE
 DN 1994035278
 TI The effects of orally administered calcium pentosan polysulfate on
 inflammation and cartilage degradation produced in rabbit joints by
 intraarticular injection of a **hyaluronate**-polylysine complex.
 AU Smith M.M.; Ghosh P.; Numata Y.; Bansal M.K.
 CS Raymond Purves Bone/Joint Res. Lab., Royal North Shore Hospital of
 Sydney, St. Leonards, NSW 2065, Australia
 SO Arthritis and Rheumatism, (1994) 37/1 (125-136).
 ISSN: 0004-3591 CODEN: ARHEAW
 CY United States
 DT Journal; Article
 FS 031 Arthritis and Rheumatism
 037 Drug Literature Index
 LA English

SL English

AB Objective. To determine the antiinflammatory and cartilage-protecting activities of orally administered calcium pentosan polysulfate (CaPPS) in a rabbit model of inflammatory arthritis. Methods. A single intraarticular injection of a preformed polycation complex (PC) of poly-D-lysine and hyaluronan was used to induce joint inflammation; saline was injected into the contralateral joint as a control. Animals were killed 1, 4, 7, or 10 days post-PC injection. CaPPS, at 5 mg/kg, 10 mg/kg, or 75 mg/kg, was given every 48 hours commencing 7 days prior to PC injection. Serum interleukin-6 (IL-6), synovial fluid (SF) prostaglandin E2, cell numbers, and cartilage proteoglycan (PG) content, composition, and biosynthesis were determined for PC- and saline-injected joints. Results. In PC-injected, non-drug-treated animals, serum IL-6 activity, SF leukocyte numbers, and prostaglandin E2 levels were elevated, while cartilage PG content and biosynthesis were reduced. CaPPS at 10 mg/kg, but not at 5 mg/kg, decreased serum IL-6 levels but maintained cartilage PG concentration and biosynthesis. However, SF leukocyte counts and prostaglandin E2 levels (except on day 1) were not reduced. Conclusion. The ability of CaPPS to attenuate serum IL-6 levels and preserve cartilage PGs in inflamed rabbit joints suggests that this substance could be of value as an effective orally administered chondroprotective, antiarthritic drug.

CT Medical Descriptors:

*cartilage degeneration

*osteoarthritis

*rheumatoid arthritis

animal experiment

animal model

article

controlled study

dose response

drug efficacy

drug mixture

nonhuman

priority journal

protein content

rabbit

synovial fluid

Drug Descriptors:

*calcium: CB, drug combination

*calcium: DO, drug dose .

*calcium: PD, pharmacology

*hyaluronic acid: CB, drug combination

*hyaluronic acid: PD, pharmacology

*pentosan polysulfate: CB, drug combination

*pentosan polysulfate: DO, drug dose

*pentosan polysulfate: PD, pharmacology

*polylysine: CB, drug combination

*polylysine: PD, pharmacology

interleukin 6: EC, endogenous compound

prostaglandin e2: EC, endogenous compound

proteoglycan: EC, endogenous compound

RN (calcium) 7440-70-2; (hyaluronic acid)

31799-91-4, 9004-61-9, 9067-32-7; (pentosan

polysulfate) 116001-96-8, 37300-21-3, 37319-17-8; (polylysine) 25104-18-1,

25988-63-0, 33960-24-6, 38000-06-5, 73565-56-7; (prostaglandin e2)

363-24-6

L133 ANSWER 7 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

AN 93196741 EMBASE

DN 1993196741

TI Animal models of early osteoarthritis: Their use for the evaluation of potent chondroprotective agents.

- AU Ghosh P.; Armstrong S.; Read R.; Numata Y.; Smith S.; McNair P.; Marshall R.
- CS Raymond Purves Research Laboratories, University of Sydney, Royal North Shore Hospital of Sydney, St Leonards, NSW 2065, Australia
- SO Agents and Actions, (1993) 39/SUPPL. (195-206).
ISSN: 0065-4299 CODEN: AGACBH
- CY Switzerland
- DT Journal; Conference Article
- FS 030 Pharmacology
031 Arthritis and Rheumatism
037 Drug Literature Index
- LA English
- SL English
- AB Medial meniscectomy was undertaken in adult merino sheep and after 16 weeks exercise each group was administered five weekly intra-articular injections of saline, pentosan polysulphate (PPS), **hyaluronic acid** (HA) or a combination of PPS + HA. Gait analysis and x-rays were undertaken before and after drug treatment. At sacrifice (26 weeks), joints were examined for gross pathological and histochemical changes. Only the PPS-treated group showed an improvement in gait, with low radiological and histology scores. The HA-treated group showed similar but less significant changes to these parameters.
- CT Medical Descriptors:
*drug screening
*osteoarthritis: PC, prevention
animal experiment
animal model
conference paper
controlled study
exercise
gait
histochemistry
meniscectomy
nonhuman
pathology
priority journal
sheep
X ray
Drug Descriptors:
*protective agent: CB, drug combination
*protective agent: CM, drug comparison
hyaluronic acid: CB, drug combination
hyaluronic acid: CM, drug comparison
pentosan polysulfate: CB, drug combination
pentosan polysulfate: CM, drug comparison
- RN (hyaluronic acid) 31799-91-4,
9004-61-9, 9067-32-7; (pentosan polysulfate)
116001-96-8, 37300-21-3, 37319-17-8
- CN (1) Artz; Cartrophen
- CO (1) Seikayaku (Japan)
- L133 ANSWER 8 OF 8 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.
- AN 91244798 EMBASE
- DN 1991244798
- TI [Comparison between the bioavailability of two topical formulas of piroxicam in the presence and absence of thiomucase].
BIODISPONIBILIDADE COMPARADA DE DUAS FORMULACOES DE APLICACAO CUTANEA DE PRIOXICAM NA PRESENCA E AUSENCIA DE TIOMUCASE.
- AU Maya M.; Morais J.; Ruas da Silva J.
- CS Centro de Metabolismos e Genetica, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal
- SO Revista Portuguesa de Farmacia, (1991) 41/2 (33-41).
CODEN: RPTFAU

CY Portugal
 DT Journal; Article
 FS 037 Drug Literature Index
 LA Portuguese
 SL English
 CT Medical Descriptors:
 *drug absorption
 *drug bioavailability
 *drug formulation
 *drug penetration
 *skin permeability
 adult
 article
 drug blood level
 drug determination
 drug structure
 high performance liquid chromatography
 human
 human experiment
 male
 normal human
 topical drug administration
 Drug Descriptors:
 *enzyme
 *piroxicam: PK, pharmacokinetics
 *piroxicam: CB, drug combination
 *piroxicam: AN, drug analysis
 *hyaluronidase: CB, drug combination
 RN (piroxicam) 36322-90-4; (hyaluronidase) 9001-54-1,
 9055-18-9

=> e antirheumatic agent+all/ct
 E1 0 BT3 Chemicals and drugs/CT
 E2 1 BT2 analgesic, antiinflammatory, antirheumatic and
 antigout agents/CT
 E3 12170 BT1 antiinflammatory agent/CT
 E4 3424 --> antirheumatic agent/CT
 E5 105421 MN D14.30.40./CT
 HNTE Creation date 01 JUL 19: 79
 E6 0 UF antiarthritic agent/CT
 E7 0 UF antirheumatic/CT
 E8 0 UF antirheumatic agents/CT
 E9 0 UF antirheumatic agents, gold/CT
 E10 0 UF antirheumatic drug/CT
 E11 28 NXT (10 methoxy 4h benzo(4,5)cyclohepta(1,2 b)thiophen
 4 ylidene)acetic acid/CT
 E12 6 NXT 2 (4 chlorophenyl) 4,5 diphenyl 2 imidazoline/CT
 E13 21 NXT 3 (3,5 di tert butyl 4 hydroxybenzylidene) 1
 methoxy 2 pyrrolidinone/CT
 E14 2 NXT 3 (4 methylbenzoyl) 2 (methylthiomethyl)propionic
 acid/CT
 E15 18 NXT 3 aurothio 2 hydroxy 1 propanesulfonate calcium/CT
 E16 29 NXT 3 formamido 7 methanesulfonamido 6
 phenoxychromone/CT
 E17 9 NXT 3,7 dimethyl 9 (2 nonyloxy 6
 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl) 2,4,6,8 nonatetraenoic
 acid/CT
 E18 4 NXT 3,7 dimethyl 9 (2 nonyloxyphenyl) 2,4,6,8
 nonatetraenoic acid/CT
 E19 12 NXT 4 (1 (2 fluoro 4 biphenyl)ethyl) 2
 methylaminothiazole/CT
 E20 7 NXT 4 (3,4 dimethoxyphenyl) 6,7 dimethoxy 2 (1,2,4

			triazol 1 ylmethyl) 3 quinolinecarboxylic acid ethyl ester/CT
E21	31	NXT	4 (3,5 di tert butyl 4 hydroxyphenyl) 2 methyl 1,2 oxazin 3 one/CT
E22	35	NXT	acetylsalicylate copper/CT
E23	183	NXT	acetylsalicylic acid calcium/CT
E24	61	NXT	actarit/CT
E25	37	NXT	adalimumab/CT
E26	233	NXT	allochrysine/CT
E27	57	NXT	amiprilose/CT
E28	68	NXT	anacin/CT
E29	140	NXT	arthrotec/CT
E30	2	NXT	atiprimod/CT
E31	1619	NXT	auranofin/CT
E32	1030	NXT	aurothioglucose/CT
E33	2363	NXT	aurothiomalate/CT
E34	961	NXT	azapropazone/CT
E35	31392	NXT	azathioprine/CT
E36	721	NXT	benzydamine/CT
E37	270	NXT	bucillamine/CT
E38	178	NXT	bumadizone/CT
E39	34	NXT	butibufen/CT
E40	1825	NXT	celecoxib/CT
E41	14261	NXT	chloroquine/CT
E42	95	NXT	chondroprotective agent/CT
E43	113	NXT	cinchophen/CT
E44	77	NXT	clobuzarit/CT
E45	249	NXT	clometacin/CT
E46	727	NXT	colloidal gold/CT
E47	22	NXT	cph 82/CT
E48	153	NXT	deethylchloroquine/CT
E49	52	NXT	dexketoprofen/CT
E50	147	NXT	diacetylrhein/CT
E51	30	NXT	efalizumab/CT
E52	5	NXT	endolac/CT
E53	12	NXT	esonarimod/CT
E54	1016	NXT	etanercept/CT
E55	207	NXT	etofenamate/CT
E56	2195	NXT	formic acid/CT
E57	49	NXT	galactosaminoglucuronoglycan sulfate/CT
E58	205	NXT	glucosamine sulfate/CT
E59	45	NXT	glucuronylglucosaminoglycan/CT
E60	190	NXT	glycosaminoglycan peptide/CT
E61	813	NXT	glycosaminoglycan polysulfate/CT
E62	4259	NXT	hydroxychloroquine/CT
E63	133	NXT	hydroxychloroquine sulfate/CT
E64	1427	NXT	infliximab/CT
E65	279	NXT	isoxicam/CT
E66	93	NXT	keratinate gold/CT
E67	5119	NXT	ketoprofen/CT
E68	51	NXT	ketoprofen lysine/CT
E69	1153	NXT	leflunomide/CT
E70	72	NXT	lenercept/CT
E71	6	NXT	licofelone/CT
E72	165	NXT	lobenzarit/CT
E73	56	NXT	lonazolac calcium/CT
E74	124	NXT	lornoxicam/CT
E75	2	NXT	lumiracoxib/CT
E76	70	NXT	magnesium salicylate/CT
E77	1046	NXT	melittin/CT
E78	189	NXT	n acetylpenicillamine/CT
E79	969	NXT	nabumetone/CT
E80	10212	NXT	naproxen/CT

E81	8	NXT	neurofenac/CT
E82	1213	NXT	niflumic acid/CT
E83	79	NXT	om 89/CT
E84	688	NXT	osmium tetroxide/CT
E85	86	NXT	oxaceprol/CT
E86	11027	NXT	penicillamine/CT
E87	907	NXT	pentosan polysulfate/CT
E88	54	NXT	piascledine/CT
E89	5910	NXT	piroxicam/CT
E90	103	NXT	piroxicam beta cyclodextrin/CT
E91	5	NXT	pralnacasan/CT
E92	14	NXT	prinomide/CT
E93	10	NXT	prinomide triethanolamine/CT
E94	241	NXT	rhein/CT
E95	16	NXT	rheumajecta/CT
E96	98	NXT	rimexolone/CT
E97	1395	NXT	rofecoxib/CT
E98	26	NXT	s adenosylmethionine tosylate sulfate/CT
E99	248	NXT	sodium aurothiosulfate/CT
E100	3538	NXT	sulindac/CT
E101	190	NXT	sulindac sulfide/CT
E102	16299	NXT	superoxide dismutase/CT
E103	272	NXT	tenidap/CT
E104	59	NXT	tepoxalin/CT
E105	44	NXT	teriflunomide/CT
E106	48	NXT	thurfyl nicotinate/CT
E107	966	NXT	tiaprofenic acid/CT
E108	34	NXT	tilomisol/CT
E109	55	NXT	timegadine/CT
E110	416	NXT	tolfenamic acid/CT
E111	27	NXT	tropesin/CT
E112	39	NXT	vasolastine/CT
E113	3	NXT	zinc chelated pentosan polysulfate/CT
E114	3	NXT	zinc glycerolate/CT

***** END***

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=> d all abeq tech abex tot

L169 ANSWER 1 OF 6 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT

AN 2002-537443 [57] WPIX

DNC C2002-152395

TI New hydroxamic acid compounds containing **hyaluronic acid** are **matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors** for treating arthritis.

DC B02 B05

IN IKEYA, H; MORIKAWA, T; OKAMACHI, A; TAKAHASHI, K; TAMURA, T

PA (CHUS) CHUGAI SEIYAKU KK; (ELED) DENKI KAGAKU KOGYO KK

CYC 99

PI WO 2002044218 A1 20020606 (200257)* JA 39p C08B037-08 <--

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK
DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR
KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT
RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2002018512 A 20020611 (200264)

C08B037-08 <--

ADT WO 2002044218 A1 WO 2001-JP10493 20011130; AU 2002018512 A AU 2002-18512 20011130

FDT AU 2002018512 A Based on WO 200244218

PRAI JP 2000-363993 20001130

IC ICM C08B037-08

ICS A61K031-728; A61P019-02; A61P029-00

AB WO 200244218 A UPAB: 20021031

NOVELTY - Hydroxamic derivatives (I) are new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Hydroxamic derivatives of formula (I) are new.

R1 = H, OH, 1-8C alkyl, 1-8C alkoxy or 2-8C alkenyl;

R2, R3 = 1-8C alkyl (optionally substituted by 3-10C cycloalkyl or optionally substituted 6-14C aryl); or

R1+R3 = ring.

R4 = H or 1-4C alkyl;

R5 = R7-R8-R9;

R7 = 1-8C alkylene;

R8 = O or CH2 or NH both optionally substituted by 1-4C alkyl;

R9 = 1-10C alkylene optionally interrupted by O; and

R6 = H or 1-4C alkyl.

ACTIVITY - Antiarthritic; **Antirheumatic**; Osteopathic.

In an in vitro collagen induced arthritis model using rabbit femurs a compound of formula (Ia) had an IC50 value of 100 micro g/ml.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - **Matrix-Metalloproteinase-Inhibitor**

USE - As **matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors** for treating and preventing arthritic diseases such as **rheumatoid** arthritis and osteoarthritis.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B04-C02D; B14-C06; B14-C09; B14-D07C

TECH UPTX: 20020906

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preparation: (I) are prepared by reacting an amino compound of formula (IX) with N-hydroxy-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboximide and **hyaluronic acid**.

R14 = amino protecting group.

ABEX

SPECIFIC COMPOUNDS - Five compounds (I) are specifically claimed e.g. (Ia).

HA = **hyaluronic acid** its derivative or salt attached via a hydroxyl group.

ADMINISTRATION - Dosage is 0.01-100 (preferably 0.1-10) mg/kg/day by injection.

EXAMPLE - Pyridine (1.2 ml), 1N hydrochloric acid (12 ml) in water (46.8 ml), N-hydroxy-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboximide (1.068 g) and 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (1.152 g) were added to sodium **hyaluronate** (600 mg; weight average molecular weight = 2200000) in water (60 ml). The mixture was stirred overnight at 40 degrees C and worked up. 0.1N Sodium hydroxide (20 ml) was added to an aqueous solution of N'-(13-amino-4,7,10-trioxatridecanyl)-N-(3S-hydroxy-4-(N-(1-methylethoxy)amino)-2R-isobutylsuccinyl)-L-t-leucinamide (25 mM; 20 ml) and the above **hyaluronic acid** product and the mixture was reacted at 4 degrees C for 22 hours. Work-up gave a compound of formula (Ia).

L169 ANSWER 2 OF 6 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT

AN 2002-257275 [30] WPIX

DNC C2002-076529

TI New cationic **matrix metalloprotease inhibitors** for treating arthritis.

DC B05

IN HAYASHI, Y; NAKAMURA, T; OKAMACHI, A; TAMURA, T

PA (CHUS) CHUGAI SEIYAKU KK

CYC 96

PI WO 2002006227 A1 20020124 (200230)* JA 90p C07D209-20

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK
DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR
KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU
SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001071068 A 20020130 (200236) C07D209-20

ADT WO 2002006227 A1 WO 2001-JP6172 20010717; AU 2001071068 A AU 2001-71068 20010717

FDT AU 2001071068 A Based on WO 200206227

PRAI JP 2000-398635 20001227; JP 2000-216790 20000718

IC ICM C07D209-20

ICS A61K031-405; A61K038-05; A61K038-06; A61K038-07; A61P019-02;
A61P029-00; A61P043-00

AB WO 200206227 A UPAB: 20020513

NOVELTY - Cationic **matrix metalloprotease inhibitors** and their salts are new.

ACTIVITY - Antiarthritic; Osteopathic; **Antirheumatic**.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - **Matrix-Metallo-Proteinase-Inhibitor**

USE - As **matrix metalloprotease inhibitors** for treating and preventing arthritis including osteoarthritis and **rheumatoid** arthritis.

ADVANTAGE - Have improved retention at affected part of body thus have improved activity and reduced side effects.

Dwg.0/10

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B06-H; B07-H; B10-A09B; B10-A10; B10-A17; B10-A18; B14-C09A; B14-C09B

TECH UPTX: 20020513

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - More Specifically: Cationic

matrix metalloprotease inhibitor comprises a hydroxamic group (preferably of formula (I) optionally attached via a spacer R7R8R9R10) and is especially a **hyaluronic acid** or its derivative.

R1 = H, OH, A, OA, 2-8C alkenyl, (CH₂)_mNR5R6 or CH₂SONB;

A = 1-8C alkyl;

R5, R6 = H, A (optionally substituted by Cyc) or acyl; or

NR5R6 = ring;

m = 0-4;

B = H, Cyc or A (optionally substituted by Cyc);

Cyc = cycloalkyl, aryl or heterocyclyl);

n = 0-2;

R2, R3 = A (optionally substituted by Cyc);

R4 = H or 1-4C alkyl; or

R1+R3 = ring;

R7 = 1-8C alkylene;

R8 = CH₂ (optionally substituted by 1-4C alkyl), O or NH;

R9 = 1-10C alkylene optionally interrupted by 1-3 O;

R10 = O, S or NR11;

R11 = H or 1-4C alkyl.

Preparation: Compounds are prepared by introducing cationic groups into the **matrix metalloprotease inhibitors**.

ABEX

ADMINISTRATION - Dosage is 0.01-100 (preferably 0.1-10) mg/kg/day by injection. Administration may also be orally, systemically or topically.

EXAMPLE - Nalpha,approximatelyol,approximatelyo2-tris(benzyloxycarbonyl)-D-arginine (0.86 g) then 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloric acid salt were added to N-(4-(N-benzyloxyamino)-2-isobutylsuccinyl)-L-tryptophan-N-(13-amino)-4,7,10-trioxa-tridecanyl amide (1.0 g) in dichloromethane (10 ml) and the mixture was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature. Work-up including silica gel chromatography (chloroform/methanol) gave 0.62 g (33.7%) of product. The product (0.48 g) was deprotected using palladium charcoal and hydrogen to give 0.25 g (86.2%) of N-(4-(N-hydroxyamino)-2-isobutylsuccinyl)-L-tryptophan-N-(13-N-D-arginylamino-4,7,10-trioxa-tridecanyl)amide.

L169 ANSWER 3 OF 6 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT

AN 2001-586154 [66] WPIX

DNC C2001-173702

TI New composition for **matrix metalloproteinase inhibitor** comprises **hyaluronic acid** polysulfate or dermatan polysulfate.

DC B04

PA (MARU-N) MARUHO KK

CYC 1

PI JP 2001163789 A 20010619 (200166)* 6p A61K031-728 <--

ADT JP 2001163789 A JP 1999-353028 19991213

PRAI JP 1999-353028 19991213

IC ICM A61K031-728

ICS A61K031-737; A61P017-00; A61P027-02; A61P043-00

ICA C08B037-00; C08B037-08

AB JP2001163789 A UPAB: 20011113

NOVELTY - New composition for **matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) inhibitor** comprises at least one substance selected from **hyaluronic acid** polysulfate, dermatan polysulfate or their salts.

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; dermatological; cytostatic; ophthalmological; antiulcer.

No biological data given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - MMP (**matrix metalloproteinase**) **inhibitor**.

To fluorescence labeled substrate solution was added MMP-3 derived

from human ulcerative cells to carry our enzyme reaction, and fluorescent intensity (520 nm) of the substrate decomposed product (erected wavelength:495 nm) was measured. **Hyaluronic acid** polysulfate and dermatan polysulfate were added to the reaction solution, adjusting at 10^{-7} M respectively, and MMP-3 **inhibitory** activity of each sample was evaluated. The results showed that **hyaluronic acid** polysulfate (10^{-7} M concentration) **inhibited** MMP-3 activity by 20 % and dermatan polysulfate did by 50 %.

USE - The composition is for the prevention or treatment of various diseases accompanied by decomposition of extracellular **matrix**. Various diseases are dermal disorder such as injury; or ulcerative, bullosus, granulomatous and lichenoid dermatitis; or eye disorder such as corneal ulcer and retinopathy. Injury or ulcerative dermatitis is wound, burn, chronic ulcer, decubital ulcer, pyogenic granuloma or dermal disorder caused by sunshine. Bullosus, granulomatous or lichenoid dermal disorder is pemphigus, porphyria cutanea tarda, epidermolysis bullosa dystrophica, epidermolysis bullosa hereditaria simplex, dermatitis herpetiformis, erysipelas, pompholyx, granuloma annulare, necrobiosis lipoidica diabetorum or lichen planus (all claimed).

The composition is used as MMP **inhibitor**, and effective for the prevention and treatment of inflammatory disorder, dermal disorder, cancer, circulatory disorder, eye disorder or nerve inflammatory disorder.

ADVANTAGE - The compound is safe and has a different structure from the conventional MMP **inhibitors**.

Dwg.0/1

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B04-C02E; B04-C02E1; B14-C03; B14-D07C; B14-E08; B14-F02; B14-H01; B14-J01; B14-N03; B14-N17; B14-N17A; B14-N17B; B14-N17C

L169 ANSWER 4 OF 6 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT

AN 1999-542703 [46] WPIX

DNN N1999-402500 DNC C1999-158533

TI Wound dressing comprising carrier with covalently bonded substances for removal of factors present in wound exudate which disturb healing.

DC A96 B04 B07 D16 D22 P32 P34

IN EICHNER, W; ETTNER, N; MEYER-INGOLD, W; SCHINK, M; MEYEROLD, W

PA (BEIE) BEIERSDORF AG; (EICH-I) EICHNER W; (ETTN-I) ETTNER N; (MEYE-I) MEYEROLD W; (SCHI-I) SCHINK M

CYC 27

PI EP 945144 A2 19990929 (199946)* DE 21p A61L015-42

R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
RO SE SI

DE 19813663 A1 19991007 (199947) A61L015-42

AU 9921334 A 19991007 (199954) A61L015-38

US 6156334 A 20001205 (200066) A61F013-00

US 2002018802 A1 20020214 (200214) A61K039-395

US 2002197257 A1 20021226 (200304) A61K039-395

ADT EP 945144 A2 EP 1999-250092 19990326; DE 19813663 A1 DE 1998-19813663 19980327; AU 9921334 A AU 1999-21334 19990322; US 6156334 A US 1999-276687 19990326; US 2002018802 A1 Div ex US 1999-276687 19990326, Cont of US 2000-675253 20000929, US 2001-932926 20010821; US 2002197257 A1 Div ex US 1999-276687 19990326, Cont of US 2000-675253 20000929, Cont of US 2001-932926 20010821, US 2002-150015 20020520

FDT US 2002018802 A1 Div ex US 6156334; US 2002197257 A1 Div ex US 6156334

PRAI DE 1998-19813663 19980327

IC ICM A61F013-00; A61K039-395; A61L015-38; A61L015-42

ICS A01N025-00; A61K009-14; A61K009-70; A61K038-43; A61K047-30;

A61L015-40; A61L015-44

AB EP 945144 A UPAB: 19991207

NOVELTY - A carrier-based wound dressing supports covalently bonded substances which interact with and remove factors present in the wound exudate which prevent or slow wound healing.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A wound dressing comprises a carrier and substances which are covalently bonded to the carrier and which interact by binding, complexing, chelating or chemically reacting with factors comprising suspended cells, cell fragments and dissolved components which are present in the wound exudate and which prevent wound healing.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for the preparation of the wound dressing.

USE - Especially for the treatment of chronic, i.e. severe or non-healing, wounds.

ADVANTAGE - The wound dressing is more effective when used on chronic wounds than conventional dressings, e.g. moist dressings (see Nature 1962; 193:293 and Wound Rep. Reg. 1994; 2:202) and Sorbact (RTM: stearic acid coupled to a hydrophobised cellulose dressing).

Dwg.0/4

FS CPI GMPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: A12-V03A; B04-B04C; B04-C02A; B04-C02D; B04-C02E; B04-C02F; B04-C03B; B04-C03D; B04-H06; B04-L01; B04-N04; B07-D04C; B10-A18; B14-D07C; B14-N17B; D05-A01A1; D05-A01A2; D05-A01B1; D05-H10; D09-C04B

TECH UPTX: 19991110

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preparation: The wound dressing is prepared by reacting the substances which interact with the problem factors present in the exudate with the carrier material. Preferred Dressing: The dressing is a bandage, compress, wadding, plaster, foil, film, hydrocolloid bandage or gel. It can contain substances which promote wound healing, especially growth factors, and can also be water absorbent. Preferred Carrier: The carrier is a natural or synthetic polymer, especially cellulose or a cellulose derivative or an alginate, **hyaluronic acid**, chitin, chitosan, polysaccharide, polyamide, polyester, polyolefin, polyacrylate, polyvinyl alcohol, polyurethane or silicone, alone or as a mixture or copolymer. Preferred Covalently Bonded Substances: These substances are especially antigens, chelators, enzyme **inhibitors**, enzymes, enzyme mimetics, peptides and other proteins, which can interact with especially antigens, radicals, ions, proteins, peptides, lipids and free fatty acids. The substance can be a chelator, e.g. desferrioxamine, diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid, N,N'-bis-(o-hydroxybenzyl)-ethylenediamine-N,N'-diacetic acid, 1,2-dimethyl-3-hydroxypyrid-4-one or 1,2-dimethyl-3-hydroxy-3-hydroxypyridin-4-one, for interaction with ions, especially desferrioxamine for interaction with Fe(III) ions. Alternatively, the substance can be a radical scavenger, e.g. superoxide dismutase, catalase, glutathione peroxidase, myeloperoxidase and/or an enzyme mimic for interaction with reactive oxygen atoms. Further, when the problem factor in the exudate is a **protease**, the covalently bonded substance can be a **protease inhibitor**, especially antipain, leupeptin, cystain, diisopropyl fluorophosphate, 4-(2-aminoethyl)-phenylsulphonyl fluoride, phenylmethanesulphonyl fluoride, a natural proteinogenic **matrix metalloproteinase inhibitor**, aprotinin, ~~alpha-2-antiplasmin, alpha-2-macroglobulin, alpha-1-antichymotrypsin, soya bean trypsin inhibitor or alpha-1-protease inhibitor.~~

ABEX

EXAMPLE - A cotton bandage (5 g) was boiled in bicarbonate buffer (100 mM) for 0.5 hour, rinsed (H₂O; 2 l), air-dried, dehydrated (acetone), vacuum dried, activated with 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole (5 g; freshly prepared in acetone (500 ml)) for 1 hour under reflux and then washed (acetone). Desferrioxamine mesylate (3.28 g) was dissolved in bicarbonate buffer (500 ml; 100 mM; pH 8.5) and pumped in countercurrent for 18 hours through a column containing the activated bandage. The resulting cellulose/desferrioxamine bandage is washed (bicarbonate buffer) and air-dried. In a test for iron uptake, the cellulose/desferrioxamine bandage obtained took up 38 $\mu\text{mol/g}$ (32%) of the iron provided, while an

untreated cellulose bandage and a non-activated cellulose desferrioxamine bandage took up only 4 $\mu\text{mol/g}$ (3%).

L169 ANSWER 5 OF 6 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT
 AN 1996-010700 [01] WPIX
 DNN N1996-009247 DNC C1996-003355
 TI Medical polymer gel for wound dressing etc. - comprising water-swella-
 gel, spacer, enzyme-hydrolysable unit and active component.
 DC A96 B07 D22 P34
 IN KINOSHITA, H; TANIHARA, M
 PA (KURS) KURARAY CO LTD
 CYC 18
 PI WO 9531223 A1 19951123 (199601)* EN 62p A61L015-01
 RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
 W: US
 JP 08024325 A 19960130 (199614) 21p A61L025-00
 EP 712635 A1 19960522 (199625) EN 29p A61L015-00
 R: DE FR GB IT
 US 5658592 A 19970819 (199739) 21p A61K009-10
 US 5770229 A 19980623 (199832) A61K009-10
 JP 2000070356 A 20000307 (200023) 20p A61L024-00
 JP 3107726 B2 20001113 (200060) 21p C08J003-075
 ADT WO 9531223 A1 WO 1995-JP873 19950508; JP 08024325 A JP 1995-125838
 19950425; EP 712635 A1 EP 1995-917511 19950508, WO 1995-JP873 19950508; US
 5658592 A WO 1995-JP873 19950508, US 1996-571976 19960116; US 5770229 A
 Div ex WO 1995-JP873 19950508, Div ex US 1996-571976 19960116, US
 1997-826097 19970324; JP 2000070356 A Div ex JP 1995-125838 19950425, JP
 1999-269359 19950425; JP 3107726 B2 JP 1995-125838 19950425
 FDT EP 712635 A1 Based on WO 9531223; US 5658592 A Based on WO 9531223; US
 5770229 A Div ex US 5658592; JP 3107726 B2 Previous Publ. JP 08024325
 PRAI JP 1994-124158 19940513
 REP DE 2627125; DE 3614095; EP 185070; EP 247362; JP 51149883; JP 565663; JP
 60130601; JP 61502310; JP 62254763; US 4152170; US 4226232; US 4716154
 IC ICM A61K009-10; A61L015-00; A61L015-01; A61L024-00; A61L025-00;
 C08J003-075
 ICS A61K009-00; A61K047-30; A61K047-36; A61K047-48; A61L015-16;
 A61L027-00; C08B037-04; C08B037-08
 AB WO 9531223 A UPAB: 19960108
 A polymer gel for pharmaceutical use comprises a water-swella-
 gel with a drug bonded to it of formula A-X-Y-D (I). A = water-swella-
 ble polymer gel; X = spacer; Y = a degradable gp. with a main chain that can
 be broken by an enzyme; D = drug. Also claimed is a water-swella-
 ble polymer gel (A') comprising a polysaccharide contg. carboxy gps.,
 crosslinked by a cpd. of formula R1-NH-(CH2)n-NH-R2 (II) or its salt. R1,
 R2 = H or COCH(NH2)-(CH2)4-NH2; n = 2-18.
 USE - The gel is used to cover wounds including cuts, burns and
 surgical wounds; as a protective cover (pseudo skin) for bed sores and
 ulcers; as an adhesive for living tissue; to reinforce bone; and as
 drug-release material. (A') is used as A in (I).
 ADVANTAGE - The gel A' is heat-resistant, transparent and
 biocompatible, with high safety. (I) promotes wound healing and may
 contain growth factors, metalloproteinase inhibitors,
antibiotics, steroids, etc.
 Dwg.0/3
 FS CPI GMPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: A03-A00A; A08-D03; A12-S; A12-V01; A12-V03A; B04-C02D; B04-C02E;
 B12-M03; B14-N01; B14-N17; D09-C04B
 ABEQ US 5658592 A UPAB: 19970926
 A water swelling polymer gel produced by covalently crosslinking a
 polysaccharide having a carboxyl group within the molecule with a
 crosslinking reagent represented by the following general formula
 R1HN-(CH2)n-NHR2 (II) (wherein n is 2-18; and R1 and R2 independently

represent hydrogen atom or the group represented by -COCH(NH₂)-(CH₂)₄-NH₂) or a salt thereof, in which the crosslinking reagent is present in an amount 1-50 mole % with respect to the carboxyl group of the polysaccharide.

Dwg.0/3

L169 ANSWER 6 OF 6 WPIX (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT
 AN 1994-036539 [05] WPIX
 DNC C1994-016777
 TI Compsns. for treating **rheumatoid** arthritis - contg. lipid-bound glycosaminoglycan..
 DC B04
 IN AOKI, S; IWASAKI, S; KIMATA, K; SUGIURA, N; SUZUKI, S
 PA (SEKG) SEIKAGAKU KOGYO CO LTD
 CYC 18
 PI EP 581282 A1 19940202 (199405)* EN 25p A61K031-735
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
 AU 9344314 A 19940203 (199411) A61K031-725
 JP 06072893 A 19940315 (199415) 22p A61K037-20
 CA 2101482 A 19940131 (199416) A61K031-725
 US 5470578 A 19951128 (199602) 18p A61K037-22
 AU 668963 B 19960523 (199628) A61K031-725
 EP 581282 B1 19990512 (199923) EN A61K031-735
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
 DE 69324859 E 19990617 (199930) A61K031-735
 ADT EP 581282 A1 EP 1993-112169 19930729; AU 9344314 A AU 1993-44314 19930729;
 JP 06072893 A JP 1992-203558 19920730; CA 2101482 A CA 1993-2101482
 19930728; US 5470578 A US 1993-98936 19930729; AU 668963 B AU 1993-44314
 19930729; EP 581282 B1 EP 1993-112169 19930729; DE 69324859 E DE
 1993-624859 19930729, EP 1993-112169 19930729
 FDT AU 668963 B Previous Publ. AU 9344314; DE 69324859 E Based on EP 581282
 PRAI JP 1992-203558 19920730
 REP 4.Jnl.Ref; EP 466966; EP 493622
 IC ICM A61K031-725; A61K031-735; A61K037-20; A61K037-22
 ICS A61K009-48; A61K031-715; C07H005-06
 AB EP 581282 A UPAB: 19940315

Antirheumatic compsns. comprise a lipid-bound glycosaminoglycan (I) opt. in salt form, and a carrier. (I) are described in JA4-80201 and 4-80202.

(I) comprises chondroitin sulphate, dermatan sulphate or **hyaluronic acid** bound to a glycerolipid, pref. a glycerophospholipid or glyceride, esp. phosphatidyl ethanolamine (PE) or phosphatidyl serine. (I) is prepd. by oxidising the reducing terminal of the glycosaminoglycan, lactonising the prod. and reacting the lactone with an NH₂-contg. lipid to form an amide bond. Binding may also be via an aminoalkyl or ester bond. The compsns. are formulated as solns. for intra-articular injection.

ADVANTAGE - The compsns. inhibit adhesion of inflammatory synovial membrane cells to joint cartilage tissue, alleviate inflammation of the synovial membrane, and have no toxicity or side effects.

Dwg.1/5

FS CPI
 FA AB; DCN
 MC CPI: B04-C02V; B14-C06
 ABEQ US 5470578 A UPAB: 19960115

A method of treating **rheumatism** which comprises administering to mammals suffering from **rheumatism** a composition comprising between 0.1 to 80% lipid-bound glycosaminoglycan (gag) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said composition is administered in a dose of 0.1 to 2,000 mg/adult once a day or within several weeks.

Dwg.0/3

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SET COST OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:52:46 ON 21 JAN 2003

L1 2 S HYALURONIC ACID/CN OR 9067-32-7
L2 753 S ?HYALURON?/CNS NOT L1
L3 435 S L2 NOT SQL/FA
L4 318 S L2 NOT L3
E CYCLOOXYGENASE/CN
L5 1 S E8
L6 2 S E3,E7
E MATRIX METALLOPROTEASE/CN
L7 15 S E3,E5-E13,E15-E17,E23,E24
L8 5 S E25,E36,E43,E45,E46
L9 4 S E50,E51,E55,E58
L10 1 S E61
L11 5 S E72,E75,E79-E81
L12 4 S E85,E89-E91
L13 1365 S (?METALLOPROTEINASE? OR ?METALLOPROTEASE?)/CNS
L14 STR
L15 31 S L14 CSS
L16 2264 S L14 FUL
SAV TEMP L16 FONDA700/A
L17 629 S L14 CSS FUL SUB=L16
SAV L17 FONDA700A/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:16:23 ON 21 JAN 2003

L18 10031 S L1
L19 3440 S L3
L20 151 S L4
L21 14614 S HYALURONIC ACID OR HYALURONATE OR HYALURONAN
L22 20161 S ?HYALURON?
L23 20696 S L18-L22
L24 1922 S L5
L25 9113 S L6
L26 13384 S (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO OXYGENASE) (L) 2 OR COX2
L27 13 S PROSTAGLANDIN(L) (ENDOPEROXIDASE OR ENDO PEROXIDASE) (L) (SYNTHA
L28 41 S L23 AND L24-L27
L29 26594 S L7-L13
L30 476 S L23 AND L29
L31 309 S L17
L32 4 S L23 AND L31

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:21:16 ON 21 JAN 2003

L33 1635 S L16 NOT L17

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:21:22 ON 21 JAN 2003

L34 3 S L33 AND L23
L35 45 S L28,L32,L34
E ANTIRHEUMAT/CT
E E5+ALL
L36 4437 S E5,E4+NT
L37 48 S L23 AND L36
L38 91 S L35,L37
L39 77 S L23 AND (ANTIRHEUMAT? OR ANTI RHEUMAT?)
L40 136 S L38,L39
L41 6 S L40 AND ?CONJUGAT?
E TAMURA T/AU
L42 596 S E3-E5
E TAMURA TATSUYA/AU

L43 57 S E3
 E OKAMACHI A/AU
 L44 15 S E3,E4
 E CHUGAI/PA,CS
 L45 3920 S E1-E4
 E SEIYAKU/PA,CS
 L46 15106 S E1-E6
 E KABUSHIKI/PA,CS
 L47 1 S E10E4
 E KAISHA/PA,CS
 L48 14062 S E2-E4
 E KABUSHIKI/PA,CS
 L49 8315 S E1-E4
 L50 3 S L40 AND L42-L49
 E WO99-JP2600/AP,PRN
 L51 1 S E3,E4
 E JP98-138329/AP,PRN
 L52 1 S E4
 E JP98-224187/AP,PRN
 L53 1 S E4
 E JP99-43064/AP,PRN
 L54 1 S E4
 L55 0 S L40 AND L51-L54
 L56 1 S L51-L54 AND L42-L49

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:28:57 ON 21 JAN 2003

L57 1 S 9001-92-7

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:29:06 ON 21 JAN 2003

L58 34671 S L57
 L59 135094 S ?PROTEASE? OR ?PROTEINASE?
 L60 972 S L23 AND L58,L59
 L61 8 S L60 AND L42-L49
 SEL DN AN 1-3
 L62 3 S L61 AND E1-E9
 L63 4 S L50,L56,L62 AND L18-L32,L34-L56,L58-L62
 L64 117 S L23 AND L59 (L) ?MATRIX? (L) ?METALLO?
 L65 246 S L40,L64
 L66 4 S L56,L63
 E JOINT/CT
 E E5+ALL
 L67 1229 S E2
 E JOINT/CT
 L68 3685 S E7-E28
 E E6+ALL
 L69 8769 S E6,E5+NT
 E E13+ALL
 L70 2565 S E2
 L71 25 S L65 AND L67-L70
 E CARTILAGE/CT
 L72 13 S L65 AND E4-E20
 E E3+ALL
 L73 38 S L65 AND E7+NT
 E RHEUMATISM/CT
 E E3+ALL
 E E2+ALL
 L74 48 S L65 AND E4,E5,E3+NT
 L75 77 S L71-L74
 L76 170 S L40,L75
 L77 3545 S (L1 OR L3 OR L4) (L) (THU OR USES OR BUU OR BAC OR DMA OR PAC O
 L78 45 S L76 AND L77
 L79 43 S L78 NOT L66
 L80 79 S L76 AND (1 OR 63)/SC,SX

L81 76 S L80 NOT L66
 L82 84 S L79,L81
 L83 53 S L82 AND (?CONJUGAT? OR SYNERG? OR BIND? OR BOUND? OR REACT? O
 L84 19 S L83 AND L29
 L85 21 S L83 AND L58,L59
 SEL DN AN 8 18
 L86 2 S E1-E6
 L87 27 S L83 NOT L84,L85,L86,L66
 SEL DN AN 8 15 18
 L88 3 S E7-E15
 L89 31 S L82 NOT L83-L88
 SEL DN AN 11 12
 L90 2 S E16-E21
 L91 11 S L66,L86,L88,L90
 L92 12795 S L18-L20
 L93 25 S L92 AND L24,L25
 L94 580 S L92 AND L29,L58
 L95 3 S L92 AND L31
 L96 3 S L92 AND L33
 L97 3 S L95,L96
 L98 1 S L97 AND L91
 L99 11 S L91,L98
 L100 35 S L94 AND L36,L67-70
 L101 40 S L94 AND L76
 L102 59 S L100,L101
 L103 31 S L102 NOT L82-L91,L99
 SEL DN AN 12
 L104 1 S L103 AND E22-E24
 L105 12 S L99,L104 AND L18-L32,L34-L56,L58-104
 SEL HIT RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:11:11 ON 21 JAN 2003
 L106 19 S E25-E43

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:11:28 ON 21 JAN 2003
 SEL RN L66

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:12:01 ON 21 JAN 2003
 L107 36 S E44-E79
 L108 23 S L107 NOT L106
 L109 1 S L108 AND C39H59N5O11

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:13:17 ON 21 JAN 2003
 L110 1 S L109
 L111 12 S L110,L105

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:13:39 ON 21 JAN 2003

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:13:54 ON 21 JAN 2003

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:14:09 ON 21 JAN 2003
 L112 20 S L106,L109

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 17:14:37 ON 21 JAN 2003
 L113 7430 S L1
 L114 10527 S L3
 L115 0 S L4
 L116 9891 S L21
 L117 13801 S L22
 L118 13801 S L113-L117
 E ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENT/CT
 L119 555 S E3+NT AND L118
 L120 1 S E3(L)CB/CT AND L119

L121 13 S L118(L)CB/CT AND L119
 SEL DN AN 6 7 9 10 12 13
 L122 6 S L121 AND E1-E12
 L123 7 S L120,L122
 E CYCLOOXYGENASE/CT
 L124 5725 S E46+NT
 L125 62 S L118 AND L124
 L126 1 S L124(L)CB/CT AND L125
 L127 0 S L118(L)CB/CT AND L125
 L128 8 S L123,L126
 E MATRIX METALLOPROTEASE/CN
 L129 0 S E4 AND L118
 E METALLOPROTEASE/CN
 E METALLOPROTIENASE/CT
 E MATRIX METALLOPROTEASE/CT
 L130 62 S E71+NT AND L118
 L131 0 S E71(L)CB/CT AND L130
 L132 0 S L118(L)CB/CT AND L130
 L133 8 S L128 AND L113-L132

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 17:23:24 ON 21 JAN 2003
 E ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENT+ALL/CT
 E ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENT+ALL/CT

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 17:24:16 ON 21 JAN 2003

E WO99-JP2600/AP, PRN
 L134 1 S E3
 E JP98-138329/AP, PRN
 L135 1 S E4
 E JP98-224187/AP, PRN
 L136 1 S E4
 E JP99-43064/AP, PRN
 L137 1 S E4
 L138 1 S L134-L137
 E R03231+ALL/DCN
 L139 1127 S E1
 E R06437+ALL/DCN
 L140 640 S E1
 L141 1297 S C08B037-08/IC, ICM, ICS
 L142 2330 S L21
 L143 2427 S L21/BIX
 L144 2832 S L22/BIX
 L145 4071 S L139-L144
 E OKAMACHI A/AU
 L146 6 S E3
 E TAMURA T/AU
 L147 604 S E3-E7
 L148 3 S L146,L147 AND L145
 L149 3 S L138,L148
 L150 134 S A61K031-728/IC, ICM, ICS
 L151 4085 S L145,L150
 L152 3 S L146,L147 AND L151
 L153 3 S L149,L152
 L154 26 S L151 AND ?MATRIX?(L)(?PROTEASE? OR ?PROTEINASE?)(L)?METALLO?
 L155 18 S L154 AND INHIBIT?
 L156 22 S L151 AND (?METALLOPROTEASE? OR ?METALLOPROTEINASE?)(L)INHIBIT
 L157 24 S L155,L156
 SEL DN AN 6 11 17 19 21 23 24
 L158 7 S L157 AND E1-E17
 L159 9 S L153,L158
 L160 12 S L151 AND L26,L27
 L161 117 S L151 AND ?RHEUMAT?
 L162 26 S L151 AND (B12-D09 OR C12-D09 OR B14-C06 OR C14-C06)/MC

L163	21 S L161 AND L162
L164	26 S L162,L163
L165	12 S L164 AND M782/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6
L166	14 S L164 NOT L165 SEL DN AN 1 7 9 12
L167	4 S L166 AND E18-E25
L168	11 S L159,L167 AND L134-L167 SEL DN AN 1-3 8 9 10
L169	6 S L168 AND E26-E39

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 17:47:25 ON 21 JAN 2003